ATTACHMENT 6

Bates, Gregory April 16, 2014

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN RE: PROCESSED EGG PRODUCTS ANTITRUST LITIGATION

MDL NO. 2002 08-md-02002

THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO Publix Super Markets, Inc. v. United Egg Producers, et al., No. 2:10-cv-06737 GP

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL

Wednesday, April 16, 2014 8:30 a.m.

Videotaped deposition of GREGORY BATES, convened at Wasilewski Court Reporting, 1525 South Florida Avenue, Suite 4, Lakeland, Florida 33803, pursuant to notice, the proceedings being recorded stenographically by Joan L. Pitt, Registered Merit Reporter, Certified Realtime Reporter, Florida Professional Reporter, and Notary Public of the State of Florida.

Henderson Legal Services, Inc.

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APPEARANCES On behalf of the Plaintiff Publix Super Markets, Inc., and Gregory Bates:	 BATES EXHIBIT 11 PUBLIX SUPER MARKETS, INC., 131 QUALIFYING QUESTIONNAIRE PUBLIX BRAND EGGS PUB_EGGS_006960 through 006963
 DAVIĎ P. GERMAINE, ESQUIRE Vanek, Vickers & Masini, P.C. 55 West Monroe Street, Suite 1500 Chicago, Illinois 60603 	BATES EXHIBIT 12 AUTHORIZATION FOR PROMOTIONAL 147 CARTONS PUB_EGGS_012876 through 012868
 312.224.1505 dgermaine@vaneklaw.com On behalf of the Indirect Purchaser Plaintiffs: 	BATES EXHIBIT 13 SLIDE 150 PUB_EGGS_012295 BATES EXHIBIT 14 PUBLIX ANIMAL WELFARE STATEMENT 156 PUB_EGGS_020727
MERRICK SCOTT RAYLE, ESQUIRE Lovell Stewart Halebian Jacobson, LLP 61 Broadway, Suite 501	BATES EXHIBIT 15 JUNE 2002 REPORT FMI-NCCR 161 ANIMAL WELFARE PROGRAM FMI-000015 through 000022
New York, New York 10006 415.533.5316 The msrayle@sbcglobal.net On behalf of the Defendant/Counterclaim-Plaintiff Cal-Maine Foods, Inc.:	BATES EXHIBIT 16 LETTER DATED JULY 22, 2002 168 11 PUB_EGGS_011761 through 011762 12 BATES EXHIBIT 17 PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS FOR 173 PUBLIX EGGS_PUB_EGGS_007151
OLIVIA A. ADENDORFF, ESQUIRE Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher, LLP	through 007157 Head of the second of the se
2100 McKinney Avenue Dallas, Texas 75201-6912 214.698.3100 oadendorff@gibsondunn.com Population of the Defendant Population	BATES EXHIBIT 19 MEETING WITH BESSIE FOSTER 183 15 ITEMS FOR DISCUSSION WEDNESDAY,
MOLLY CRABTREE, ESQUIRE (Via telephone) Porter, Wright, Morris & Arthur, LLP 19 1919 Pennsylvania Northwest, Suite 500	PUB_EGGS_012953 BATES EXHIBIT 21 PRICE SHEET 186 PUB_EGGS_019635
Washington, DC 20006-3434 202.778.3050 mcrabtree@porterwright.com 21 ALSO RESENT: GARY MARKMAN, Videographer	21 BATES EXHIBIT 22 E-MAIL DATED FEBRUARY 5, 2007 187 PUB_EGGS_015466 22 BATES EXHIBIT 23 MEMO DATED OCTOBER 23, 2007 190
22 ALSO PRESENT: GARY MARKMAN, Videographer 23 24 25	23 PUB_EGGS_015153 through 015154 24 BATES EXHIBIT 24 ARTICLE IN PROGRESSIVE GROCER 194 MAGAZINE DATED JANUARY 1, 2002 25 PUB_EGGS_006505 through 006507
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8 6 PROCEEDINGS (8:30 a.m.) Q. And as you've probably noticed, we have a court THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record. reporter here today, so she's trying to take down everything that we say. Because of that, it's important Today's date is Wednesday, April 16th, 2014. The that you wait until I'm entirely done with my questions time is 8:30 a.m. before giving your answer, and I will also try to wait This deposition is being taken at 1525 South until you are totally done answering before I ask my Florida Avenue, Lakeland, Florida 33803. This is the matter of Processed Egg Products next question. Does that make sense? Antitrust Litigation, Case No. 08-md-02002, in the A. Yes. 10 United States District Court for the Eastern Q. It's also important that you give verbal 11 11 District of Pennsylvania. responses today, so don't nod your head or say uh-huh, 12 12 The deponent is Greg Bates. but try to say yes or no so that the court reporter can 13 13 Will all attorneys please voice identify have a clear record. Does that make sense? 14 14 themselves. 15 15 MS. ADENDORFF: Olivia Adendorff for Defendant Q. And are you currently taking any medication 16 and Counterclaim-Plaintiff Cal-Maine Foods, from that would interfere with your ability to testify today? 17 17 Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher. A. No. 18 18 MR. GERMAINE: David Germaine on behalf of the Q. Do you know of any other reason why you cannot 19 19 witness and Publix Super Markets. testify truthfully or fully this morning? 20 MR. RAYLE: Merrill Scott Rayle on behalf of 21 21 Q. All right. Before the deposition, I asked your the Indirect Purchaser Class, Lovell Stewart 22 22 counsel to give you this Acknowledgement and Consent, Halebian Jacobson, LLP. 23 23 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Will the court reporter which we will mark as Exhibit 1. 24 24 please swear in the witness. (Bates Exhibit 1 was marked for 25 25 THE COURT REPORTER: Raise your right hand, identification.) 9 please. Do you swear or affirm the testimony you Do you recognize this document? give will be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing Q. Did you sign this document? but the truth? THE WITNESS: I do. A. Yes, I did. THE COURT REPORTER: Thank you. Q. And do you understand that in signing this GREGORY BATES, called as a witness by the document any confidential documents that you see from Defendant/Counter-Plaintiff Cal-Maine Foods, Inc., other parties today during the deposition you should keep confidential and not discuss outside of this having been first duly sworn, testified as follows: DIRECT EXAMINATION deposition? 10 BY MS. ADENDORFF: A. Yes. 11 11 Q. Did you take any steps to prepare for this Q. Can you please state your full name for the 12 12 record? deposition this morning? 13 13 A. Gregory Allen Bates. 14 14 Q. And, Mr. Bates, have you ever been deposed Q. What did you do to prepare? 15 15 A. I met with David yesterday for a couple hours. before? 16 16 A. No. Q. And did you review any documents in preparation 17 17 Q. We're going to go over some ground rules to for this deposition? 18 18 start. First of all, you understand that while we're on A. No, we did not. 19 19 the record today you're testifying under the oath that Q. And other than yesterday meeting with David, 20 you just gave; correct? did you do anything else to prepare for this deposition? 21 21 A. Yes. 22 Q. And your testimony here can be used in a Q. Have you discussed this deposition with anyone? 23 courtroom, so therefore, even though there's no judge A. I spoke with Jimmy Wilson. Not really about my 24 24 and jury here, you should give testimony as if a judge deposition. He -- he told me that he was being deposed or jury was present. Does that make sense? again also.

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	+ (1 uges 10 to 15)
10	12
¹ Q. And when was that?	A. I can't remember. It's a it has to do with
² A. Two days ago.	food safety. Like operational stuff, like to do with
³ Q. And in speaking with Mr. Wilson, did anything	retail stores and restaurants. Temperatures you hold
he said refresh your recollection about topics that you	food at and sanitation procedures. I just can't
believed would come up during the deposition today?	5 remember the name of the
6 A. No.	⁶ Q. And approximately when did you receive that
7 (Bates Exhibit 2 was marked for	⁷ certification?
⁸ identification.)	8 A. Five years ago.
⁹ Q. You have in front of you what's been marked as	⁹ Q. And what did you do in order to receive that
Exhibit 2. Do you recognize this document?	certification? Were there classes?
11 A. No, I do not.	A. There was a class and a test.
Q. I represent to you that this document was sent	Q. And for how long was that class? Was it a
to your counsel and it is under this document that you	13 week?
are here this morning to be deposed.	¹⁴ A. A one-day class.
Do you understand that you are here to be	Q. A one-day. And you said that it mainly
deposed in connection with In Re: Processed Egg	involves procedures on how to keep food safe in a retail
Products Antitrust Litigation?	environment; is that correct?
¹⁸ A. Yes.	¹⁸ A. Yes.
¹⁹ Q. And you understand that Publix is a plaintiff	¹⁹ Q. Are you currently employed?
20 in that lawsuit?	²⁰ A. Yes.
²¹ A. Yes.	Q. Who is your employer?
Q. What is your current home address?	A. Publix Super Markets.
A. 2101 Emerald Ridge Drive, Lakeland, Florida.	Q. When did you join Publix?
Q. And how long have you lived there?	A. Thirty-one years ago.
²⁵ A. Ten years.	Q. And what year would that have been 31 years
11	13
Q. And where did you live before that?	¹ ago? 1983?
² A. On the north side of Lakeland.	² A. Yes.
Q. And what was your address there?	³ Q. And where did you work before you joined
⁴ A. 1429 Timber Ridge Loop.	4 Publix?
⁵ Q. When did you move to Lakeland?	5 A. I had a part-time job at a metal fabricating
6 A. I didn't move to Lakeland.	⁶ shop.
Q. You've lived here your whole life?	Q. And would that have been when you were still in
⁸ A. Yes.	8 high school?
⁹ Q. Did you attend college?	⁹ A. No, when I was in college.
¹⁰ A. I did.	Q. And when you first joined Publix, why did you
¹¹ Q. Where did you attend?	¹¹ join Publix?
¹² A. Florida Southern College.	¹² A. I needed a job.
¹³ Q. And did you graduate from college?	Q. And what was your first job at Publix?
¹⁴ A. Yes.	¹⁴ Position.
¹⁵ Q. What was your degree?	A. I worked part-time in the housewares warehouse.
¹⁶ A. Accounting.	Q. What did you do in the housewares warehouse?
¹⁷ Q. Did you have what year did you graduate from	A. A lot of things. From from taking
¹⁸ college?	inventory, making inventory adjustments, to stocking and
¹⁹ A. '86.	¹⁹ flow rack, and cleanup work.
²⁰ Q. And did you have any postgraduate education?	Q. And how long did you hold that position?
²¹ A. No.	²¹ A. A year.
²² Q. Do you have any other degrees or	Q. What was your next position at Publix?
²³ certifications?	A. Full-time in the frozen food warehouse.
A. Food safety certifications. That was a class.	Q. And was that a similar job in terms of doing
²⁵ Q. What what kind of food safety certification?	²⁵ inventory, stocking?

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14 16 A. Selector. trays, operate the machines. Just a different operation, but I supervised that operation also for a Q. Selector. What does that position entail? A. Filling orders for stores. You select cases couple years. I can't remember the exact timing on this, but this is kind of the flow of the jobs. for store orders. Load them on the truck. From there, I went to grocery warehouse back to Q. So that warehouse would serve a group of a shipping supervisor. Same type of job. Different stores? warehouse. Different products. A. Uh-huh. Q. How many stores is that warehouse, And from there I went back to produce on a day approximately? In Florida only or -shift job, which is back to fresh pack. Same operation 10 10 as before. I had done it --11 11 Q. How long did you hold that position? Q. Hold on one second. Say that again. So after 12 12 A. Three to four years. grocery warehouse shipping supervisor, what was the next 13 13 Q. So at that point you would have graduated from one? 14 college? 14 A. Went back to produce for a fresh pack job. 15 15 A. Yes. Same job. Different shift. It was a day shift job. 16 16 Q. What was your next position after frozen food Q. Again supervisor? 17 17 A. Yeah. warehouse? 18 A. I got a job as supervisor in the produce Q. And all of these warehouses, were they each 19 19 warehouse over a shipping crew. separate warehouses; produce, grocery, and fresh pack? 20 Q. Supervisor over the shipping crew? A. Produce and fresh pack were the same warehouse. 21 21 A. Uh-huh. Q. Okay. 22 22 A. Grocery was separate. Q. And in that job, can you give me a little 23 description about what that entailed? 23 Q. But they're all here in Lakeland? 24 A. Manage the selectors, the loading of the 24 A. Yes, all in the same complex. 25 trucks. Q. Okay. And after moving back to fresh pack 15 17 Q. And what are selectors? produce -- approximately what year was that, do you A. They -- they actually fill the orders. You know, that you moved back to fresh pack produce? have a store order that's on a document, and they go A. It would be in the '90s somewhere. I just through the warehouse and pick each case, stack it on a pallet with a -- you have pallet jacks and they load it. Q. And you were day shift supervisor. How long They move up and down the aisles of the warehouse and were you day shift supervisor? fill it, working the order, and load it on the trucks. A. I don't know. I just can't remember. Q. So you supervised the selectors. What else did Q. A couple years? you do as supervisor of the shipping crew? A. (Nodding head.) Q. And what was your next position after that? A. There's paperwork that goes along with that. Evaluations. A. I was selected to be private label analyst in 12 12 Q. And how many people did you supervise, the purchasing department. 13 13 approximately? Q. What does that mean? 14 14 A. Thirty. A. I worked on helping the buying department, or 15 15 Q. And what was your next position at Publix? I teams, select suppliers to make our private label items, 16 16 guess I should ask -- sorry -- how long you were in the Publix branded. 17 17 Q. And when did you start that position? shipping crew position. 18 18 A. I went from that same job, a lateral move, over A. I should have brought my work history with me. 19 19 I can't remember the specific year. It was -- let's to the -- I was in the fresh pack. I went into the 20 20 see. I started in '83. Still in the '90s, because I fresh pack operation in produce. Supervisor. Still pay 21 level job, but a little different work. They pack --21 think I worked that job for about two years, and then I 22 they pack the produce. Okay? You know, you've got became inventory manager, and that had to be somewhere 23 trays of whatever, grapes, tomatoes, that's overwrapped. around '98, '99. We have machines that do that work. We have people who Q. So you ended the private label analyst position in '98 or '99? work on a line. They grade the produce, pack it in the

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18 20 A. Uh-huh, somewhere around there. A. Send a questionnaire. Q. And in private label, what products did you Q. And who drafted the questionnaire? A. I had a questionnaire already made for us that work on? A. A lot of nonfood products, like bath tissue, was developed in the -- when we started that work, which came from MSP, because they were doing that work already pet food. with manufacturing suppliers. So I did -- so we -- we Q. Did you say nonfood or nonfruit? A. Nonfood. Sorry. The only food item I remember tailored it, put some questions that might be relevant is coffee. I worked on that. to the suppliers we were -- were going after. So it's Q. And that seems like a big job, so do they kind of a basic questionnaire, but there may be some 10 10 divide up the products? Did you have a certain category questions that were different for the type of suppliers 11 we were going after that might be relevant. of products that you were in charge of? 12 12 A. There were two of us that did that job, and we Q. Would you say the majority of the questionnaire 13 13 kind of split it. That's why I had most of the nonfood were fixed questions? 14 items and another analyst had the food items. So across 14 A. Yes. 15 15 all of grocery, which is defined by center store types Q. That applied to all suppliers? 16 16 of products. A. The majority of it would be, yes. 17 17 Q. And in that job, did you only select -- were Q. Can you give me an example of some of those 18 you only involved in selecting the supplier and then the kinds of questions? 19 19 rest of the relationship was managed by someone else? A. How many facilities do you have? What's the 20 20 A. Yes. Once we made the selection, it was capacity? Where are those facilities located? Are you 21 21 a public company or a private company? We would ask for managed by the buying team. 22 22 Q. And was that part of the manufacturing MSP financial information. 23 department? 23 Q. And what were some of the specific questions? 24 A. That is what the MSP department does today. 24 Let's just take coffee, for example, or one that you 25 Q. Was that in MSP at the time? particularly remember. Give me an example of some 19 21 A. No. My job as an -- as that private label specific product questions you might ask. analyst, I don't know, a year or so after I left that A. I'm not really remembering. I don't remember any specific questions, because the main purpose of that job they took that work and moved it into the MSP was more in general information, but I know there was, department. Q. So when you were in that position, did you but I can't remember. work -- walk me through how you would choose each Q. For the specific questions, who drafted those questions? Did you draft them, or did you turn those supplier. So somebody would come to you and say, "We over to someone else to handle that was more familiar need a new supplier for our Publix brand bath tissue." with the product? Correct? 10 A. I would talk to the category team to see what A. (Nodding head.) 11 11 Q. Then what would be your next step? Would you may be different and draft a question with them with 12 12 talk to someone in another department that specifically their help. 13 13 focused on bath tissue, or were you on your own? Q. And I know you said you didn't deal much with 14 14 A. We would. We would talk to the buyers and get food, but would some of your questions relate to safety 15 15 information. There was a resource for the suppliers in or those kinds of issues specific to a product? 16 16 the industry. Then we would research supplier lists to A. Right, I didn't deal with the food, so then on 17 17 find out any other suppliers that were out there. the nonfood items the questions were more around quality 18 18 Q. And how did you research supplier lists? control and their measures there, which --19 19 A. That's been a long time ago. I don't really Q. So after you drafted this questionnaire, you 20 20 would send it out to the list of suppliers; correct? remember the tools we used. 21 21 Q. Would you consult books or sources of that A. (Nodding head.) 22 nature? Q. And then presumably get responses; correct? 23 A. Yes. We didn't have the Internet. 24 Q. And then how would you ask for bids for price? Q. So after selecting a list of suppliers, what A. Send them a spreadsheet. was the next step in your responsibility?

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Q. And what kind of spreadsheet?

A. It was Lotus back then. They would just fill -- they would -- we would ask them for delivered pricing.

- Q. And when you say "delivered pricing", what do you mean?
- A. It means delivered to -- it includes transportation, is what that means.
- Q. So the price would include the transportation cost?
- A. Yeah.

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- Q. And on those -- in those spreadsheets, would price be broken down into different components, so a transportation cost be a separate line item?
 - A. No.
 - Q. It would just be one number?
 - A. Uh-huh.
- Q. So if it was one number, why did you need a spreadsheet instead of just saying, "What's your price?", answer, "This is our price."?

Was it because you were asking for multiple products from one supplier?

A. Oh, yeah, that's always the case. Well, I say always. More often than not, it was multiple items that a supplier would --

why it depends.

Q. And what were some very high volume products that you dealt with in private label?

A. Paper products were high volume. Let me think. That was probably the only one in my term as analyst that was -- would really be considered the highest volume. Most of the other items in nonfood were not -- wouldn't consider as being that high, high volume than other stuff.

- Q. For the price of all these different products that you handled, were there different pricing structures or different ways that the suppliers set the price for different products?
- A. Yes. Two basic ways. One is just to quote a price, which we -- and the other way would be a formula price.
- Q. So if a supplier simply quoted a price, that would be the fixed price of that good until the supplier notified you otherwise; correct?
- A. We asked for that price to be good for a year, but that was -- that's a point of negotiation also. It could be longer.

But to answer your question, outside of that parameter, yes, so once you cross that line and they guaranteed a year or whatever the time period is, it

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Q. So, for example --

A. -- bid on.

Q. -- with bath tissue, it might be a 12-pack and a 24-pack or something along those lines?

A. Exactly.

Q. And does Publix try to reduce the number of products for a private label product? In other words, is it trying to get one supplier to provide as many different products as possible to all its stores?

MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. You can answer if you understand the question.

- Q. You can answer.
- A. It depends.
- Q. It depends on what?

A. It depends on the situation with the type of product. And generally, yes, it's an advantage to get one supplier to give you more, because you have economies of scale. You have higher volume. You can get a lower price.

However, there could be instances where the volume is so high and so great that you put yourself at a business risk of having just one supplier, and you may want the supply to be split so that you're not at risk, if something happens to that one source of supply, that you're not out of product for the whole company. That's

would be whenever they notified us and had to justify a price increase.

- Q. And at the end of that year, or if they notified you at some different point that the price would increase, would they notify you as the private label analyst, or would they notify someone else?
 - A. They'd notify the category, the buyer.
- Q. And the second method of pricing that you mentioned was pricing by formula. Can you explain that a little more?
- A. Basically, it is a pricing structure that's based off a couple key components that affect price for the goods of whatever it is.
- Q. So would those key components be off of some market price or list price or --
- A. Commodity pricing would be a big one that would drive. Like in plastic bags, it might be the cost of resin. If you're doing something -- I guess a food product might go off the price of grain or something like that.

I didn't -- I did not deal with many formula-based pricing in what I did, but there were other -- it was more on the food side.

Q. And for formula -- formula-based pricing, does that mean that the price would change every order, or it

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28 26 could change every order if that metric was changing? MS. ADENDORFF: Hi, Molly. BY MS. ADENDORFF: Q. And when you were in that role, private label Q. So after visiting these facilities, what was purchasing analyst, did you have anything to do with the next step in the process of determining who the actually placing orders? supplier would be? A. We would -- we would cut product. We may have Q. So once you sent out these questionnaires and done that before the visits, actually. I probably received the answers and then sent out the spreadsheet missed in remembering in the process. We did both, so requesting bids for price, what was the next step in the all factors of information, so the finalists, we would 10 process of selecting a supplier? test the product. 11 11 So if it's nonfood product, we would send it to A. We would sometimes visit facilities of 12 12 the -- the finalists, but not always. an outside lab, and the CQA person did that part of 13 13 Q. When did you find it necessary to visit the -- the testing. So they would test the product, 14 14 make sure it was -- met standards. 15 15 A. In the beginning of the process, we did it Q. The inside CQA person would do it if it was a 16 every time, but then as that work grew we -- we realized food product, is that what I understand? 17 17 that we could rely on audits from outside firms to You said nonfood products would go to an 18 satisfy that need, so they would -- and that's really by outside lab: correct? 19 19 judging the quality control measures and stuff in the A. Yes. 20 facilities. So that was the reason for the visits Q. So would a food -- food products stay in-house? 21 21 mainly. A. I didn't do the food products, so I can't 22 So then the next step --22 remember what -- what they were doing then. 23 23 Q. Did you attend the facilities visits when they Q. So this was your first job in purchasing or 24 occurred? 24 procurement? 25 25 A. Yes. A. Yes. 27 29 Q. And would you go with anyone else, or would you Q. Who trained you when you began that position? be the sole Publix representative? A. A consultant. A. We would take a person from CQA, corporate Q. An outside consultant? quality assurance. A. Yes. Q. And what would that person's job function be? Q. And what was the focus of that training? A. Their function is to manage the quality of A. Teach me the procedures and process. private label products we have. Q. Were you trained on these different pricing Q. And if you know, in that group, in corporate models and those sorts of issues? A. Yes. quality assurance, are people assigned particular 10 Q. So going back to the step of evaluating the product groups, or is there one person per product, or 11 11 how is it divided in that group, in terms of, are there suppliers, after facilities visits and testing the 12 12 specialists in particular kinds of products? product, what was the next step? 13 13 A. We would select the supplier with the -- the A. They have a large group of products, so they 14 14 have a person over all the grocery type of products, but 15 15 it's -- the work is split maybe a little differently Q. Can you identify for me who would be on those 16 16 because there would be a person that's more expert in teams? 17 17 A. It would be the buying group, which would be the labeling, too. So there's a person for all the 18 18 the category manager, the buyer, MSP person, which ther grocery products, there's a person for all the fresh 19 19 was me. They didn't call it MSP yet. department products, there's a person over the store 20 Q. You were the MSP person, as you're calling it? procedures, which is not really a product, but it's --21 A. Yeah. is my general understanding of how the work is split. 22 MR. RAYLE: Excuse me. Did somebody just join? Q. Okay. 23 MS. ADENDORFF: Yeah, did someone join on the A. And the person from CQA. 24 Q. So four people? MS. CRABTREE: Molly Crabtree just joined. A. The director may also be on the team.

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30 32 Q. And who's the director? Q. And how many Publix stores are there, A. The boss of the category manager. approximately, do you know? Q. And what's the full title? Director --MR. GERMAINE: Objection. A. Business development director. Q. You can answer. Q. And how would you go about actually making the A. We open new stores all the time. I'm not sure decision? Would there be an in-person meeting? what the exact number is today. A. Yes. Q. Is it more than 100? Q. And how long would those meetings usually last, A. Yes. or would there be several? Q. Is it more than 1,000? 10 A. Depends on how complex the decision was or 11 difficult. The meeting can be 30 minutes. It can be an Q. And was it more than 100 when you started at 12 hour, hour and a half. Just depends. Publix in the '80s? 13 13 A. Yes. Q. Not typically longer than a day? 14 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 14 Q. And are Publix stores -- strike that. 15 15 Q. You can answer. So when you worked as inventory manager, you 16 16 A. There could be more than one meeting. ordered paper and pet food for all of the different 17 Q. And how long would this whole process take from Publix stores; correct? 18 when you first knew that you needed to select a supplier A. Ordered product for the warehouse. The 19 19 to when you actually made the decision? warehouse sent it to all the stores. 20 A. I don't remember a specific timeline. It would Q. So you didn't necessarily know which store 21 21 be months, though. It's not a short thing. needed how much paper? 22 22 Q. So you started this position, I think you said, 23 around 1998; correct? How long were you in that 23 Q. How would you -- so you would simply watch 24 position? 24 the -- the warehouse quantities and see when they fell 25 A. Somewhere around two years. below a certain level, and then you would order more 31 33 Q. What was your next position at Publix? product? A. Inventory manager. A. That is correct. Q. And what did you do as inventory manager? Q. But the stores would essentially place orders A. Ordered product. to the warehouse; is that correct? Q. For which department? A. Yes. A. Paper and pet food. Q. And you were working -- well, I don't know Q. That's different than a buyer? about pet food -- but those nonperishable items? A. Yes. A. I was purchasing paper, plastic bags, aluminum Q. Can you explain to me the difference there? foil, and pet food products. That was what I was A. They split the buyer job. Before -- I was the purchasing. 11 11 first inventory manager for Publix. Before that, the Q. So nonperishable. So they were delivered to 12 12 buyer ordered the product and did all of the negotiation the warehouse and they were stored there for a while? 13 13 with the suppliers. 14 14 They split the job up so that we could -- for Q. Before going to the stores? 15 15 the purpose of managing -- managing inventory better. 16 So my only job was to manage inventory, write purchase Q. And who was your supervisor when you were in 17 17 orders. The buyer handled everything else in the the inventory manager position? 18 A. Dave Cerra. buyer's job. 19 19 Q. And what role did Dave Cerra have? Q. And for all these jobs that we've just 20 A. Category manager. discussed, do all of these apply to all the different 21 Publix stores, or are they specific to a certain store? Q. Of which department? 22 So when you purchase paper products or when you A. Paper and pet food. 23 inventory manage for paper products and pet food, is Q. So as category manager, the inventory manager 24 that for all of the Publix stores in the chain? would report to Dave Cerra, and would the buyer also A. Yes. represent to Dave Cerra?

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34	36
¹ A. Yes.	¹ Q. What else would it involve?
² Q. And then who was Dave Cerra's boss, just so I	² A. Promotions, which I mentioned.
can understand the hierarchy of the department.	³ Q. Would you oh. In terms of managing the
4 A. Lauren McGill.	4 supply relationship, would you discuss promotions with
5 Q. And what position did Lauren McGill hold?	5 suppliers?
6 A. Business development director.	⁶ A. Yes.
7 Q. What was the larger division that you were a	 Q. And would that be because the suppliers would
8 part of besides paper and products paper products?	8 sometimes participate in the promotions?
9 A. I don't understand your question.	9 A. Yes.
A. Tuon tunderstand your question.	Q. So if a supplier participates in a promotion,
Q. Was were you in the retail grocery unit?	Q. 30 ii a supplier participates iii a promotiori,
A. 165.	the supplier gives rublix a discount and rublix passes
Q. And what's the formal name of that division?	that discount on to consumers:
A. Glocely retail business unit.	A. 163.
Q. And what was your next position after inventory	Q. And in that instance, would the supplier
15 manager?	contact Publix, or would Publix contact the supplier to
16 A. Buyer.	suggest a promotion?
Q. And when did you move to buyer?	A. Both.
A. I can't remember the exact date, but one or two	Q. So you were in the paper and pet unit, and then
years in the inventory manager position. I really don't	what was your next position after that?
²⁰ remember.	A. Buyer of household and baby products.
Q. Do you recall if it was before or after 2000?	Q. Do you know when you began that position?
A. It had to be before.	A. A year later, approximately.
Q. And which department were you a buyer in?	Q. And how long were you a buyer of household and
²⁴ A. Paper and pet.	²⁴ baby products?
²⁵ Q. So as a buyer, you would do some of the	²⁵ A. About a year.
functions that you mentioned before; correct? So can	Q. And that job had similar functions, just for
you list those job functions for the:	dilielelit products:
WIN. GENWAINE. Objection to form. It's	A. Exactly.
compound. Tou can answer the question if you	Q. And what was your next position at Publix?
understand it.	A. Daily buyer.
A. Promotional activity, pricing, managing	Q. And when did you become daily buyer?
⁷ suppliers.	A. A year after.
⁸ Q. And when you say "managing suppliers", do you	8 Q. And can you think again real hard about when
9 mean having a relationship with contacts at the	that might have been? Was it before or after 2000?
suppliers?	A. I just really don't remember. You could
A. Having meetings with them, yes. There's a lot	probably get that information from David. Ask him.
of paperwork of you take costs. Managing all the	Q. Unfortunately, it's your deposition, so I have
functions from a supplier to Publix. You're the main	to ask you. Any any idea at all?
14 contact.	A. I think it was before, but I can't be exact. I
Q. So would that supply relationship mean	just can't.
discussing delivery schedules, if there were problems	Q. And how long were you in that position?
17 with that?	17 A. A year.
A. Yes, if there was problems with it.	Q. And in dairy, what products were you
Q. But not otherwise?	responsible for purchasing?
A. Right.	A. Cheese, eggs, desserts.
Q. And would it involve discussing quality	Q. Desserts. Would that be frozen desserts?
²² problems?	A. No, it would be, like, Jell-O. Butter and
²³ A. Yes.	margarine, and refrigerated dough, and refrigerated
Q. And would it involve discussing price changes?	²⁴ pickles.
²⁵ A. Yes.	²⁵ Q. So dairy is a broad category. And when you

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40 38 went to each of these new departments, what did you do of the products were delivered directly to the store? A. The inventory manager job did not have to get familiar with the products and the suppliers? A. Visiting the store looking at the sections, responsibility for DSD. So there was an inventory manager for dairy but would have nothing to do with DSD obviously. There was some training that happened with products. Only warehouse products. the category manager to give insights to the work, the Q. After one year as dairy buyer, what was your Q. Would the category manager also have next position? relationships with the suppliers? A. Candy buyer. For one year. A. Yes. Q. Were these formal rotations, or you just 10 10 Q. So he might intervene and talk to a supplier in happened to move every year? 11 11 a particular instance? A. I was lucky. It's -- it wasn't formal 12 12 rotations. Just kind of the way things worked out and 13 13 Q. Any other training? where they needed people. So it's kind of no rhyme or 14 A. The buyer you took over from would usually have 14 reason for it. It just kind of was my path. Some 15 15 people spend a lot more years in categories. Usually some limited time to give you training. 16 buvers aren't switched that often, but in this case I Q. Now, we talked earlier about, for nonperishable 17 17 products, the suppliers would deliver the product to the was. Just kind of how it worked out. 18 warehouse, and in the warehouse, the store would then Q. And when you were working as a buyer, did you 19 19 place an order from the warehouse; correct? work in the corporate headquarters here in Lakeland? 20 A. Correct. 21 21 Q. So for perishable products like eggs, for Q. What was your next position after candy buyer? 22 example, is that process still the same? 22 A. I was promoted to dairy category manager. 23 A. No. Eggs were delivered by the supplier, which 23 Q. And what year was that? 24 is called DSD, direct store delivery. 24 A. I think that was around 2000. 25 25 Q. So the supplier would be in charge of Q. And I know we've already touched a little bit 39 41 delivering the eggs from the production facility to each on category manager, but can you walk me through your individual Publix store; correct? responsibilities as category manager? A. Yes. A. It's to manage the buyers, oversee their Q. And who would supervisor that process to make functions, which include pricing, promotions, and sure that the delivery was done on time and their -- and their management of the -- of the suppliers appropriately? of the category. It was the category manager's A. The supplier managed that process. If there responsibility for product placement, which is was a problem, we would find out about it, because planograms, which is a shelf schematic. stores would call in and complain, so that's how we Q. So you would actually be in charge of designing would know that the supplier did not make a delivery or how the products were displayed in the stores? 11 there was issues. A. Yes. 12 12 Q. And would the store complain to the buyer? Q. And would you also participate in the supplier 13 13 A. The store would complain to the supplier first selection process? 14 in most instances, because they would have phone numbers 14 15 15 of who their route people were and who their bosses Q. Is there a name for that process? 16 16 were; and if they couldn't get resolution, then they A. I don't know. That's odd. When we do category 17 17 would call the corporate office, which would be the 18 18 buyer, would be their main person to call to resolve an Q. And what's a category review? 19 19 A. That's where we review all the products and Q. And you mentioned before, when you were in suppliers in a -- a section, say the milk section, for 21 21 paper and pet, that there was an inventory manager and a example, and you review all of that and then decide what buyer essentially working on the same team for the same your strategy would be, what items you would -product: correct? Q. Strategy with respect to what? 24 A. Right. A. Products, pricing, promotion. All of those Q. Was that also the case with dairy, since some functions. So that's the responsibility of the category

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12 (Pages 42 to 45)

	42	44
1	manager in the strategy. But you would decide what	¹ A. '99. So, yeah.
2	items you would put in the store, take out of the store	Q. So you believe it was 1999 until nine years
3	and through a review. It was reviewing all of those	3 later, so approximately 2008?
4	groups, all those products, together.	⁴ A. Yeah.
5	Q. And how often did you conduct those reviews?	⁵ Q. And at that point you changed to become
6	A. Generally, once a year.	6 category manager of frozen food?
7	Q. And as part of that review, would you consider	⁷ A. Right.
8	the suppliers selection?	Q. And are you still category manager of frozen
9	A. Depends.	9 food?
10	Q. When would you consider changing suppliers?	10 A. No.
11	A. We would generally review suppliers for private	
12		Q. What is your position now?
13	label items, for Publix branded items, every three to	A. Business development director of frozen food
14	five years. So that's a separate process, really, from	and dany.
15	category review, but it's kind of related.	Q. And when did you get that promotion:
16	Q. What about suppliers for your other products?	A. January 2014.
	A. Define "other products".	Q. And was it a promotion?
17	Q. Your nonprivate label products.	A. Teall. Tes.
18	A. That's handled in the category review.	Q. So there was no other position between category
19	Q. And would you only change suppliers if there	manager of frozen food and business development
20	was a problem with your prior supplier, or would you	director; is that correct?
21	just periodically rebid the item out to a group of	A. There was. I was category manager of CSD for
22	suppliers?	eight months.
23	A. Talking about private label items, we	Q. What's CSD?
24	periodically review those suppliers, like I said,	A. Carbonated soft drinks and water. It's
25	somewhere three to five years. If there's a problem,	²⁵ beverages.
	43	45
1	that is a cause to do a review immediately.	¹ Q. And when was that?
2	Q. You would do a review immediately?	² A. My memory's getting better because that's not
3	A. If there was a problem and that was deemed	that far ago, so that would be 2013, in May.
4	cause. The category manager would make that decision.	Q. Okay. Backing up to dairy again, can you go
5	Q. How often did that occur when you were category	5 through I know we sort of touched on this a little
6	manager?	bit, but can you go through when you were actually
7	A. I was category manager for a long time.	⁷ category manager of dairy, what products would have been
8	Q. Well, I'll ask that next then. How long were	8 in your purview?
9	you category manager?	9 MR. GERMAINE: Objection. Asked and answered.
10	A. About 16 years.	¹⁰ Q. You can answer.
11	Q. And were you category manager of dairy that	A. Eggs, milk, margarine, butter, dough, pickles,
12	whole time?	dairy desserts, which is Jell-O, creamers.
13	A. No.	Q. And were those products the same products that
14	Q. How long were you category manager of dairy?	were in dairy when you were a buyer?
15	A. Nine to 10.	A. Cheese was also in there.
16	Q. So you said you started as dairy category	Yes, they were the same products.
17	manager around the year 2000 but you couldn't remember	¹⁷ Q. And are they the same products that are now in
18	precisely; correct?	dairy as you are business development director of dairy?
19	A. It's not adding up, is it? I told you I	A. No.
20	couldn't remember the exact years.	A. 110.
21	•	 Q. What has changed? A. Cheese is not in there today. That's a meat
22	Q. But around the year 2000, you thought?	A. Oncese is not in there today. That's a meat
23	A. Let's go backwards. I spent right at six years	acparation group or items.
24	as category manager of frozen food. If it was nine for	Q. Of now that you're business development
25	dairy, that's 15 years. So 15 from 2014.	director, you once again oversee daily, correct:
	Q. 1999?	A. Correct.

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13 (Pages 46 to 49)

48 46 Q. And frozen food? merchandisers. So dairy merchandisers did only the A. Yes. dairy. Frozen food merchandisers did only the frozen. Q. Are there any other products besides those two Later we combined, and I can't remember when. we combined that job. So we had a larger number of categories? merchandisers, but they did both. They went to stores. A. Kosher products. Q. So as category manager of dairy, focusing on It's a reorganization of the work. So they went into that position for now, from 1999 to 2008, you had a the stores and worked on both dairy and frozen, so ... buyer in dairy reporting to you; correct? Q. And so they would report to both you and the A. I had two buyers. category manager for frozen foods at the same time? 10 10 Q. And how would those two buyers divide their 11 11 Q. Okay. And, once again, you would design the 12 12 A. One had eggs and cheese and desserts. The shelf schematics when you were category manager; 13 13 other one had the milk section, the yogurt section, correct? 14 which included cultured products, like sour cream. 14 15 15 Cream cheese was with the cheese. Q. And then work with the merchandisers to 16 16 Q. So two buyers. Did you have an inventory actually install them? 17 17 manager underneath you? A. Yes. 18 18 A. No. The system had changed. We had Q. And as part of that schematics, you mentioned 19 19 organizationally changed and took all those inventory promotions earlier. Would certain products be visually 20 managers and put them into a separate group and they featured in the shelving units in order to promote them, 21 21 were managed by a separate person. So I did not manage if they were on sale, for example? 22 22 A. No, the shelf schematic was everyday business that person directly. 23 So there was an inventory manager, which that 23 that had nothing to do with promotion. 24 job name changed somewhere in there to be a logistics 24 Q. How often would you redesign the shelf 25 analyst, and they ordered the product. schematic? 47 49 Q. And did logistic -- did the logistics analyst A. Once or twice a year. work for MSP? Q. So when you were category manager of dairy, you A. No. had two buyers reporting to you and these merchandisers. Q. So they were still in the retail grocery unit? Did you have anyone else reporting to you? A. I had two clericals. Q. And did you have anyone else who reported to Q. Anyone else? you when you were category manager? A. No. A. Yes. Q. And who did you report to? Q. Who else? A. David Cerra. A. Merchandisers. Q. Business development director? Q. And what do merchandisers do? A. Business development director. 12 12 A. Implement the shelf schematics as they change. Q. And did Dave Cerra have that position the 13 13 Q. And is there a merchandiser at each store? entire time you were category manager of dairy? 14 14 A. No. 15 15 Q. How many merchandisers are there underneath you MR. GERMAINE: Can we take a break, Olivia, in 16 16 in dairy? Would there be one? a minute? 17 17 MS. ADENDORFF: Yeah, we can take a break. A. When? 18 18 Q. Between 1999 and 2008. MR. GERMAINE: Thanks. 19 19 A. Eight or nine. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now off the record. 20 Q. And they would travel to each of the different The time is 9:35 a.m. 21 21 stores? (Recess from 9:35 a.m. until 9:47 a.m.) 22 A. Yes. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're now on the record. 23 Q. And did they work only with dairy shelving? The time is 9:47 a.m. 24 24 A. That system has changed. Hold on for a second. It started out with dairy merchandisers and frozen food BY MS. ADENDORFF:

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14 (Pages 50 to 53)

50 52 Q. I want to talk briefly about terminology that Q. And have you ever heard the term specialty I'll use today during the deposition. First of all, egas? A. Yes. when I generally ask you questions I'm asking about the period 1999 to 2008, unless I tell you otherwise. So Q. What do you understand specialty eggs to refer basically the time when you were category manager of to? A. Shell eggs that are different from the basic commodity shell egg, which would mean -- an example A. All right. Q. Does that make sense? would be organic egg, eggs that the chickens were fed a And, also, I want to define the word eggs, different diet so the egg had a different claim on it. 10 10 since it's at issue in this litigation. So eggs can be Like higher Omega 3's would be an example. Free-range 11 11 eggs would be an example of a specialty egg. So both egg -- shell eggs and egg products. Do you 12 12 understand that? 13 13 A. Yes. Q. And are free-range eggs the same thing as 14 14 Q. And when you were category manager of dairy, cage-free eggs? 15 15 did you sell both shell eggs and egg products? A. I believe there's a difference, but I can't 16 remember what that is. 17 17 Q. What do you understand egg products to be? Q. Would you understand that cage-free was also a 18 A. Egg substitutes would be what we call them, but specialty egg? 19 19 that would be Egg Beaters type of products. A. Yes. 20 Q. So liquid egg? Q. What about brown eggs? 21 21 A. Yes. A. Would be a specialty egg. 22 22 Q. And what liquid egg products did you sell in Q. They would be? 23 23 the stores while you were category manager of dairy? A. I don't know. That's gray. Brown eggs is just 24 A. Egg Beaters, Publix brand Eggstirs, which was a difference in the chicken, so that's --25 our -- our brand. We sold another brand, and I don't Q. Today when I refer to eggs I'm excluding 51 53 remember exactly what it was. It might have been a specialty eggs from my questions. product from Papetti. Liquid egg. A. Okay. Q. And I mean specialty eggs to include organic, Q. Was it Better Than Eggs? A. Yes, I think it was. the nutritionally-enhanced eggs that you mentioned with Q. And were there any other egg substitutes you the different claims, free-range, cage-free, and brown sold in the stores? eggs. A. Not that I recall. A. Okay. Q. Okay? In the Publix stores, when you sell Q. What about powdered eggs? A. I was not in charge of powdered eggs. shell eggs, white shell eggs, you sell them in a variety Q. That was outside of dairy? of different sizes. So, for example, you sell both a 11 11 A. Yes. I don't know. dozen eggs and 18-pack eggs; correct? 12 12 Q. Did you -- do you know if you sold them at A. Right. 13 13 Q. And different sizes in terms of jumbo, extra 14 14 A. I don't even know. large, et cetera; correct? 15 15 Q. What about frozen eggs? A. Yes. 16 16 A. I don't remember. Q. What other varieties of shell eggs do you sell, 17 17 Q. You don't recall if you sold frozen eggs? or variations? 18 A. Correct. A. I do not know every specific variety or size 19 19 Q. If you had sold frozen eggs, would they have from memory that we sell. been under your purview as dairy manager? Q. So you sell different sized eggs? 21 MR. GERMAINE: Objection. A. (Nodding head.) A. No. Q. Yes? 23 23 Q. Did you sell them in the frozen food department 24 24 Q. Different quantities of eggs? when you were category manager of frozen? A. I don't remember. A. Yes.

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15 (Pages 54 to 57)

54 56 Q. Do you sell different brands? Q. How do you spell that? A. L-a-m-o-u-r-e-u-x, I think, is the correct spelling. Q. And what brands of eggs do you sell? A. We sell Eggland's Best, but I would consider Q. And Darrell was the first time? A. Yes. that a specialty egg. Q. What other brands? Do you sell --Q. Other than Bessie Foster, James Kreb -- Krebs, A. 4Grain. and Darrell Lamoureux, were there any other individuals Q. 4Grain. who worked as buyers for eggs while you were category A. That's a specialty egg too. So qualify your manager of dairy? 10 question to me, because you said --A. Not that I recall. 11 11 Q. What types --Q. And now that you're business development 12 12 A. Do you want do we sell brands -- yeah. director of dairy and frozen foods, who are the 13 13 Q. What types of shell eggs do you sell in the individuals responsible for egg buying? 14 14 A. Thomas Evers is the buyer. Micky Phillips is stores? So we went through different sizes, different 15 15 quantities. And then are all of -- strike that. the category manager. 16 16 Do you sell Publix brand eggs? Q. Are there any other individuals reporting to 17 17 A. Yes. you who are responsible for eggs now? 18 Q. Are there any other brands of shell eggs that 19 19 you sell in the stores? Q. When you worked as category manager, we've 20 talked about your relationship with your buyers and your A. No. 21 21 Q. Only Publix brand? merchandisers and your business development director at 22 22 A. Yes. the time. Were there any other individuals in Publix 23 Q. All other branded eggs are specialty eggs; is 23 with whom you worked on egg purchasing or egg issues, 24 that right? 24 issues related to buying eggs or egg products? 25 25 A. Yes. A. The only instance would be if we went through a 55 review like you spoke of to select suppliers for Publix Q. Are there any other varieties or differences in the types of shell eggs you might sell besides size and brand eggs, and that would be the MSP person. Q. And what about the -- I forget the acronym --A. I'm sorry. Repeat that question. the corporate quality person? Q. Are there any other differences in the types of A. Corporate quality person would be only with shell eggs you sell besides the size of the eggs; large, issues of complaints or quality of any item in the jumbo, extra large, and quantities? category, including eggs. A. No. Q. So if there was a customer or store complaint, Q. What about grade of eggs? you might talk to the CQA person? A. Could be. I'm not sure. I -- my memory is A. Yes. 11 11 that they were all Grade A. Q. And would the CQA person be involved with the 12 12 Q. When you worked as category manager from 1999 selection of suppliers process with MSP? 13 to 2008, who were the egg buyers that worked for you? 13 14 14 A. Bessie Foster was the main one. Q. Anyone else that you worked with on issues 15 15 Q. Was she in charge of eggs? related to eggs? 16 16 A. Yes. A. No. 17 17 Q. Were there any others? Q. And the egg buyers that we've been talking 18 A. James Krebs was one of my buyers back then. I about, are they responsible both for procuring shell 19 can't remember the time frame. eggs and egg products? 20 Q. Is that K-r-e-b-s? A. Yes. 21 A. Yes. 21 Q. Can you identify for me all the different units Q. Anyone else? at Publix that might purchase eggs? Eggs or egg 23 A. You asked specifically about eggs? products. Shell eggs. A. I may not have knowledge of all. Q. Correct. A. Darrell Lamoureux, I believe. Manufacturing/purchasing is the only one I have

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16 (Pages 58 to 61)

60 58 knowledge of for our manufacturing facilities, as an A. No, I said three to five. ingredient. Q. Three to five. I'm sorry. Three to five Q. And retail: correct? years. And does that apply to its Publix brand egg A. What do you mean by "and retail"? suppliers? Q. You purchase eggs for the retail stores; A. Yes. correct? Q. What about egg products? A. Yes. A. Yes. Q. Are there any other purchases of eggs that you Q. Are there -- you mentioned earlier that in know of within Publix? addition to Publix brand egg products you sell some 10 branded egg products; correct? 11 11 Q. And did you work at all with the individuals A. Correct. 12 12 responsible for buying eggs for the manufacturing and Q. And how often do you review the suppliers of 13 13 purchasing division? the branded egg products? 14 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 14 A. In the category review. 15 15 A. No. Q. Correct. 16 16 Q. Were you aware of who the suppliers were for A. Which is generally about once a year. 17 17 that division, for eggs? Q. So since all of the shell eggs you sell are 18 18 A. Clarify "that division". I think I lost you. Publix brand eggs; correct --19 19 Q. You mentioned that Publix purchases eggs for A. Correct. 20 its manufacturing plant? Q. -- you would review those suppliers every three 21 21 A. Right. to five years? 22 Q. And presumably someone in that department would 22 A. Yes. 23 be purchasing those eggs, or would you be purchasing 23 Q. And your Publix brand egg products also every 24 those eggs? 24 three to five years? 25 25 A. Not me. A. That's the same thing. 59 61 Q. Shell eggs and egg products separate. Q. Someone in that department? A. Someone in that department, yes. A. Oh. Yes. Sorry. Q. Would you have any conversations with the Q. And branded egg products in the category review person in that department about eggs? annually? A. I do not recall conversing with them about A. Yes. Q. Okay. And you mentioned that there might -eggs. Q. Do you know who their suppliers were? you might review a supplier in sort of an emergency basis if there was a problem with a supplier; correct? Q. So you did not in any way coordinate your A. Correct. 10 Q. When you were category manager of dairy, do you supplier relationships? 11 11 A. No, not that I recall. recall ever having a problem with a supplier that 12 12 Q. Let's walk through from the beginning the necessitated an immediate review of that supplier 13 13 process of how Publix selects suppliers and buys eggs, 14 14 for eggs specifically. So we talked earlier a little A. In any product, or just eggs? 15 15 bit about how Publix selected suppliers when you first Q. In eggs or egg products. 16 16 started working in -- I can't remember which position it A. I remember one instance in the Atlanta division 17 17 we were having some issues getting service in an area of was -- but the buying position. Let's focus 18 18 stores, so we reviewed -- we took some action, but that specifically on eggs and when you were category manager 19 19 was not to -- to replace the supplier completely. It of eggs. 20 20 A. Okay. was -- it ended up being just switching a few stores 21 21 Q. Starting with the first step, when you decide from one supplier to another so that we could get good to purchase -- excuse me -- when you decide to review or service. It was just too far away from them to service. 23 select a supplier, you mentioned a few moments ago that So that's kind of a minor thing, but that's 24 24 Publix reviews its Publix brand suppliers every two to what I remember. It wasn't a full-out review of normal formal review of going through the whole process. three years; correct?

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17 (Pages 62 to 65)

62 64 Q. So you didn't bid out the business to other suppliers? Q. What do you understand animal welfare to mean? A. Treatment of animals, because there's animal A. No. Q. And when -- when you decided to -- strike that. activist groups that have folks who are concerned about When the time -- during the time when you were that, and so food manufacturers in general have category manager, how many times did you conduct a practices to treat animals in a way that's good to try supplier review for Publix brand shell eggs? to avoid some of that bad publicity. Do the right A. I do not remember exactly. It had to be about two, at least. Q. On the questionnaire for eggs, would you have 10 questions about the egg supplier's pricing structure? Q. And the same answer for egg products? 11 11 A. I think it was a general question of if they A. Yes. 12 12 Q. Did you do those reviews together? So would were -- would do a formula price, I think, but I 13 you bid out that business together, shell eggs and egg couldn't tell you for sure, again, because I know that's 14 14 products, or were those separate? one of the -- you know, there's two ways we would ask 15 15 A. No, they're separate. for pricing, and so there could have been. 16 16 Q. So walk me through the supplier selection Q. And you just mentioned there's two ways you 17 17 process as it relates to eggs specifically. So once you would ask for pricing. What were the two ways you would 18 decided it was time for a review, you would draft the ask for pricing for eggs? 19 19 questionnaire; is that correct? A. Specifically, I don't remember for sure, A. Not as category manager. but -- because I think in eggs we -- we had a formula 21 21 price, so that's the way -- we would only ask one way. Q. Who drafted the questionnaire? 22 22 A. MSP person. When I -- to interpret what my answer was, we 23 23 Q. And you would have input into that would decide in the -- in our -- in our meetings which 24 questionnaire; is that right? 24 kind of pricing we were going to ask for. So we 25 25 A. Yes. wouldn't ask the supplier to give it to us two ways. We 63 65 Q. And you mentioned earlier that there are some would ask them all to give it to us only one of the standard questions on that questionnaire? ways. But there's just a plain quoted price and then there's a formula price. So, with eggs, it was a A. Yes. Q. And there are also product-specific questions? formula price. Q. And when you say eggs there, are you speaking A. Could be. Q. Were there product-specific questions when it about shell eggs? came to shell eggs? A. Shell eggs. A. I don't remember exactly, but there could be. Q. Only? Q. You don't recall any specific requirements for A. Only. shell eggs? Q. What about for egg products? 11 A. It's been a lot of years. A. I don't recall which way that went. I think it 12 12 Q. What about for egg products? was just a straight price, but I'm not sure. 13 13 Q. And for the formula price for shell eggs, what A. Same answer. 14 14 Q. Were there food safety issues that you were was the formula based on? 15 15 concerned about with egg suppliers specifically? A. I do not recall the formula, but I do know the 16 16 A. We are concerned about food safety issues with only thing I do remember is that it was -- the main base 17 17 all food products, not necessarily specific to egg was off of the Urner Barry market price. 18 18 suppliers. So questions on the questionnaire would be Q. And what is Urner Barry? 19 19 about their quality control procedures, which directly A. It's a commodity price index. 20 affect their food safety. Q. And does Urner Barry provide different 21 Q. And do you recall if there was animal welfare 21 commodity prices for different types or sizes of eggs? 22 questions on that questionnaire? A. I don't know. A. I really don't remember. Q. So do you know if there's just Urner Barry eggs 24 24 Q. Do you know what I mean when I say animal or if it's Urner Barry jumbo eggs price? welfare? A. Yeah, I don't remember.

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18 (Pages 66 to 69)

	66	68
1	Q. And is Urner Barry one price for the entire	Q. Was it early in your tenure as a category
2	country?	² manager of dairy?
3	A. I don't know.	³ A. Most likely.
4	Q. You don't know if there's, for example, Urner	Q. And in the facilities, were the eggs being
5	Barry South Central price?	⁵ raised in cages?
6	A. No, I don't.	⁶ A. Yes.
7	Q. When you talked about the supplier review	Q. And while you were there, did anyone explain to
8	process earlier, you mentioned that as part of that	you any regulations or their policies regarding cage
9	process you might visit facilities; is that correct?	⁹ size?
10	A. Correct.	A. I don't recall any conversation about that on
11	Q. Supplier facilities. Did you ever visit	11 the visit.
12	supplier facilities for an egg supplier review?	Q. Have you heard the term battery-cage?
13	A. I remember visiting an egg facility in Dover.	Battery-cage.
14	Q. And what company's facility is that?	¹⁴ A. No.
15	A. That would be a Tampa Farms facility.	Q. And you also mentioned that during the supplier
16	Q. Dover, Maryland?	selection process you would taste-test products or test
17	A. No. Florida.	the products?
18	Q. Florida. Delaware?	¹⁸ A. Yes.
19	Tampa Farms, you said?	Q. And taste-test excuse me test them for
20	A. Yes.	taste?
21	Q. And what did you see when you went to the Tampa	²¹ A. Yes.
22	Farms egg facilities?	Q. And who would handle the taste test?
23	A. Chickens.	A. CQA person.
24	Q. Did you go in the chicken	Q. And what were they looking for when they were
25	A. I did. Went in the chicken houses.	taste-testing?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Q. And did you tour any of the processing facilities? A. Yes, we did. Q. Did you meet with your sales contact there? A. Yes, we did. Q. What else did you do at Tampa Farms? A. We we toured the facility. Had a brief	A. I do not remember their criteria for eggs. Q. Do you remember the taste-testing ever affecting your decision of supplier, choice of supplier? A. In eggs, no. Q. And when you say eggs, are you referring to both shell eggs and egg products? A. Referring to shell eggs.
9	meeting at the end for any questions.	Q. What about with egg products? Do you recall it ever affecting supplier choice?
10	Q. And what were you looking for when you were	ever ancoming supplier endice:
11	touring the facilities?	A. I can tremember in traid of not.
12	A. It was general knowledge for us as a buying	(Dates Exhibit 5 was marked for
13	team. We had our CQA person with us, and obviously they	iudininguidin,
14	may have been looking for some other stuff, like quality	Q. In none of you you have what o boom marked as
15	control issues, because that concerns their job, but	Exhibit o, and you're welcome to hip through this, but
16	it's	it's a concentration different accuments.
17	Q. You said the buying team, so were you on this	ii you'd tuiii to page tile page at tile bottom
18	visit and who else? CQA person. Do you know who	that's Bates stamped 8648 at the end. A. 864
19	A. The buyer. The buyer.	Q. Eight. And Exhibit 3 is a highly confidential
20	Q. The buyer. Do you know who the CQA person was	Q. Light. 7th Exhibit 5 is a highly confidential
21	that accompanied you?	document bates stamped i ob_EGGG_000045 at the beginning.
22	A. Connie DuBois, I believe it was.	il you'll just take a second to look at tills
	Q. And who was the buyer? A. I'm not sure.	C mail.
4.3	A. Inflict Sufe.	²³ A. I'm sorry. 8645?
23	O When was this visit?	²⁴ O 8648
	Q. When was this visit? A. I'm not I don't remember the date or year.	 Q. 8648. A. Okay.

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19 (Pages 70 to 73)

70 72 Q. Do you recognize this e-mail? trying to have a product that is equal to or better than the national reference brand. That's what it means. Q. And do you know who Elise Richardson is? Q. So you would taste-test a product to see if it A. No, I do not remember Elise Richardson. was as tasty or more tasty than the national reference Q What about Gerald Bondoc? brand: correct? A. Yes. Q. And Publix's goal was to purchase good-tasting Q. Who is Gerald Bondoc? A. Worked in MSP. products? Q. And Steve Hicks? A. Yes. Q. Including egg products? A. Yes. He worked in MSP. 11 Q. Flovd Freeman? 12 Q. And in this e-mail, it appears that they're A. Yes. He worked in MSP also. 13 discussing a product that did not taste as good as the Q. And the subject in this e-mail is "Egg 14 NRB and that it appears they decided to not choose that 14 Substitutes"; correct? 15 15 product because of that factor. A. Yes. 16 When you were conducting category reviews for 16 Q. And can you read the first paragraph of this 17 17 eggs, would you ever exclude an egg product that did not e-mail into the record? 18 18 taste as good as the NRB? A. "The taste panel for this category proved to be 19 19 A. Yes. very informative. Unfortunately, the product from the Q. And would you do so even if that less tasty low bidder in the auction did not compare favorably with 21 product was priced lower than the other option? the NRB (or anything else). Only two of the products 22 compared favorably to the NRB. The team has recommended 23 Q. He also refers here to target pricing. What's 23 that we go with the lowest of these two bids - Michael's 24 target pricing? I say "he". It's a she. Elise. \$999,105 resulted in a \$609,895, 38.30% savings off the 25 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. branded product and 15.38% savings from the target 71 73 pricing." Q. Let me ask, when you were conducting reviews of Q. So is this e-mail discussing a taste test of an the suppliers for eggs, would you have a certain target egg product? price that you were hoping for in mind when you sent out MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Lacks the request for prices? A. Yes, and that's probably what that's referring foundation. Q. Do you understand egg substitutes to mean egg to. We have a strategy of what we would like to price products? private label products at, just like you're comparing to the NRB. So that's probably what they're referring to A. Egg substitutes is liquid eggs. Q. And the taste panel here, do you know -- when is it is a -- it's kind of a guide of where -- a range Publix did taste-testing of eggs, would it be conducted of what we would want to be around. Obviously, if the 11 by a taste panel? pricing is too high, just like you go into the store, if 12 12 A. Yes. the Publix brand item is way above Tide, you probably 13 13 would not purchase it. You'd figure Tide's better. So, Q. So does it appear here that this e-mail is 14 14 referring to a taste panel of egg substitutes, people yeah, that's what that is alluding to, would be my 15 15 testing egg substitutes for taste? perception. 16 16 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Q. So Publix conducted taste tests of egg 17 17 A. It is based on the criteria determined by CQA. products. Did it also conduct taste tests for shell 18 18 Q. And do you recall a category review for egg eggs? 19 19 substitutes around October of 2002? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 20 A. No. 20 A. I really can't remember tasting shell eggs, so 21 21 Q. And what is NRB? I just can't remember. A. National reference brand. Q. Do you recall choosing -- do you recall if 23 Q. What is -- what does that mean within Publix? while you were category manager you selected Michael's 24 24 A. A private label item Publix brand has a target. as a brand for your egg products? The target is the national reference brand. So we're A. I know we did business with Michael's Foods,

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20 (Pages 74 to 77)

74 76 but I don't remember if -- it's just been a long time. I don't remember specifically if we selected them or not.

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Q. What are the most important factors in choosing an egg supplier for both -- well, let's start with shell eggs. What are the most important factors in choosing a shell egg supplier?

- A. Their ability to supply, service us, quality of product, and then cost.
 - Q. And did you list those in order of importance?

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- Q. And when you said quality, what -- what, to your mind, does egg quality entail?
- A. Best practices in the industry so that you have, you know, for example, their -- in their processing, so they have washed them properly so that they're clean, so that there's -- to avoid food safety issues, as you mentioned earlier, that type of thing.

So it's quality controls, so you have a good -you know, less broken eggs, less eggs that -- you know, they grade them. So that you have the agreed-upon grade. Those types of things.

- Q. When you said best practices, does that include animal welfare practices?
 - A. It could, yes.

private label brand, the new supplier has to get a label approved, so that takes time and some effort on Publix's part.

- Q. And who designs the Publix brand label?
- A. Our marketing department.
- Q. Do you as category manager have any input into that -- into that process of designing the carton?
- A. I have -- yes, I have input, but I'm not the decision-maker on the -- it's kind of split. The graphical components, they have the decision for that, but, yes, I have input.
- Q. So would anyone else have input besides the category manager and the marketing department?
- A. The supplier always has input, because they are supposed to be the expert in their industry and know government regulations that may be involved with labeling and stuff, so it's their responsibility to make sure we don't make a label that's noncompliant with any regulation.
- Q. And once the marketing department in Publix designed the label, is it the supplier that actually makes the cartons and prints the labels and puts the eggs in the cartons?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And when you price -- when you bid out pricing

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Q. And ability, you referred to ability being the most important quality. Is that the ability to supply the volume Publix needs?

A. It includes the volume and the timeliness.

- Q. And just to focus on cost for a second, again. you mentioned that the Publix brand shell eggs are priced based off of a formula, whose main component is Urner Barry; correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Focusing on egg product suppliers, what are the most important qualities when determining an egg product supplier?
 - A. You're talking about egg substitutes?

 - A. It's -- it's the same three.
- Q. How difficult is it for Publix to change an egg supplier?
 - A. As compared to what? That's --
- Q. Does Publix make any investment that would make it difficult for you to choose an egg -- to switch an egg supplier, or is it simply a matter of a different delivery truck coming up on Mondays?
- A. No, it's not that simple. There's packaging is the complexity there, because Publix, generally we control that label, so when you switch suppliers in any

for eggs, we talked about that a moment ago with the general category review process, when you do that for eggs and you ask for prices, do you break down that price in terms of the price of the eggs and then a separate line item for delivery charge and a separate line item for packaging, or how does that work?

- A. I don't remember. I do not remember the details of the formula cost.
- Q. You don't -- you don't recall whether packaging was included in the price?
 - A. No, I do not recall.
- Q. You don't recall when delivery charges was included in the price?
- A. Delivery charges would be included in the price, but it may not be broken out separately. I don't remember what that formula looks like.
- Q. And as I'm thinking about this, you're delivering these eggs to the stores because they can't stay at a warehouse because they're perishable; correct? The DSD process that we discussed?

MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.

- Q. The eggs that you -- shell eggs and egg products that you buy, do they both go through the DSD process that we discussed? Direct store delivery?
 - A. The shell eggs do.

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21 (Pages 78 to 81)

78 80 A. I don't remember. Q. Do the egg products? A. No, they go to the warehouse. Q. Was it Papetti's? Q. So for the direct store delivery of shell eggs, A. It may have been. "the stores" are all however many of Publix stores; Q. Do you recall if it was Michael Foods? A. It may have been. That's why I don't remember. right? A. (Nodding head.) I remember both those companies, but I don't remember Q. And would you have a supplier for egg -- shell which one had the business. It may have even been eggs delivering eggs to all those different stores? ConAgra. I think they were in the business too. So I'm 10 Q. And that would be over a wide area; right? Q. And you testified earlier that Publix also 11 11 purchased branded liquid eggs? 12 12 Q. And would the charges for those eggs depend at 13 13 all on where those deliveries had to go and what volume Q. And I think you testified that that was --14 were going to which locations? Would that vary? 14 well, which brands did they purchase? 15 15 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. Which brands did we purchase? 16 A. The price would be -- all those costs are Q. Uh-huh, of liquid branded -- liquid eggs. 17 rolled in as averaged, to answer the question, where National brands. 18 you're going with that. So it's one price for a -- the A. Egg Beaters. 19 19 vendor. So Tampa Farms' price would be for a wide area, Q. And is Egg Beaters a ConAgra product? 20 but it would be -- it's not different prices by store, 21 21 no. It's one price for all that group of stores. Q. And did you purchase Better'n Eggs? 22 22 A. Yes, I remember that brand too. Q. And Tampa Farms would actually handle the whole 23 process of getting the eggs to the individual stores; is 23 Q. And is that a Michael's product? 24 that right? A. I think so. 25 A. Yes. Q. Did you purchase any egg whites? 81 Q. And from the -- from 1999 to 2008, who were the A. Yes. suppliers for the Publix brand shell eggs? Q. Who were the suppliers of egg whites? A. I remember doing business with Tampa Farms, A. I don't remember for sure. Michael Foods. Hillandale in Jacksonville, and I think it was Country (Bates Exhibit 4 was marked for Charm in Atlanta. And when I first came on the desk. identification.) I'm not sure that we did any business with Cal-Maine. I Q. You have in front of you what's been marked as think Cal-Maine came on later. As we expanded into Exhibit 4, and I represent to you that this is a areas and we bought from Cal-Maine, then obviously document that your attorneys have filed in this Cal-Maine bought Hillandale later, and so Hillandale litigation. And you'll see at the top Publix's Notice 10 10 changed to Cal-Maine. That's the egg suppliers I Regarding Direct Purchaser Relationships. 11 11 remember. And underneath there, it lists three companies 12 12 Q. So other than Tampa Farms, Hillandale, Country who this document represents Publix purchased eggs or 13 13 Charm, and Cal-Maine, were there any others? egg products -- shell eggs or egg products from. 14 14 A. Not that I recall. Cal-Maine Foods, Rose Acre Farms, and Michael Foods. 15 15 Q. And you mentioned that Cal-Maine came on later, You mentioned that Cal-Maine Foods was a 16 16 but let's just take the other three. Were those other supplier for Publix brand shell eggs; correct? 17 17 three suppliers all supplying you with shell eggs at the 18 18 same time? Q. And you mentioned Michael Foods supplying egg 19 19 A. Yes. products; correct? 20 A. Yes. Q. So were they divided up by geographic region? 21 21 Q. Do you recognize the name Rose Acre Farms? Q. And what about the suppliers for egg A. It's familiar, but I don't remember what we substitutes? Liquid eggs. Publix brand. purchased or if we purchased from them. 24 24 A. One supplier for the whole company. Q. And going back to the category review process Q. And who was that? where you were considering different suppliers, how many

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22 (Pages 82 to 85)

			22 (1 uges =2 to es)
	82		84
1	egg suppliers would you consider? Let's take shell eggs	1	Q. So specialty eggs is a growing segment of the
2	as an example. How many shell egg suppliers would you	2	egg market?
3	consider when you were sending out the questionnaire for	3	A. Yes.
4	shell egg suppliers?	4	Q. And do those specialty eggs produce higher
5	A. I don't remember at all.	5	retail margins for Publix?
6	Q. Would it be more than five?	6	A. I can't remember the margins specifically. The
7	A. (Shaking head.) I don't know.	7	prices would be higher, but
8	Q. Would you send the questionnaire only to your	8	Q. The consumer price would be higher?
9	existing suppliers?	9	A. Yeah.
10	MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.	10	Q. Would your cost be higher?
11	Q. You can answer.	11	A. Yes.
12	A. No, we'd send it to more than to our existing	12	Q. Is the growth in those items during that time
13	suppliers.	13	period, was that cannibalizing the sale of Publix brand
14	Q. So you testified that you had between three and	14	shell eggs?
15	four suppliers for shell eggs; correct?	15	MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.
16	A. (Nodding head.)	16	A. I don't remember.
17	Q. So you would you would send the	17	Q. So when you said there was growth in specialty
18	questionnaire to more than just those three to four?	18	eggs, was that growth in the overall egg market?
19	A. Yes.	19	A. I don't remember if overall eggs were growing.
20	Q. Would it be more than 10?	20	The specialty eggs definitely were.
21	A. I don't know.	21	Q. Do you know if some of the specialty egg
22	Q. This might be a good time to take a break, or	22	products that Publix sells meet the certified humane
23	do you want to continue?	23	standard?
24	A. We can go a little longer if you want to. I'm	24	A. Meets what?
25	okay now.	25	Q. Certified humane.
1	Q. Okay. And you testified that you purchased	1	A. I don't remember.
2	specialty eggs for Publix when you were category	2	Q. Do you are you familiar with that standard?
3	manager; right?	3	A. I'm not sure I remember that. I don't remember
4	A. Yes.	4	that particular term.
5	Q. And can you testify specifically as to which	5	Q. You testified that for Publix brand shell eggs
6	kinds of specialty eggs Publix purchased?	6	Publix designs the packaging but the suppliers actually
7	A. I can only tell you what I remember, which may	7	produce and supply the packaging; correct?
8	not be all, which won't be all-inclusive, but I do	8	A. Right, yes.
9	remember purchasing 4Grain Eggs, which was a brand that	9	Q. Is that also true for Publix brand egg
10	Tampa Farms created. I remember purchasing Eggland's	10	products?
11	Best. There was a brand we bought an organic egg	11	A. I thought that's what we were talking about.
12	from I think Country Hen was the brand. And we	12	Did I misunderstand the question?
13	bought an egg that was called Davidson's Pasturized Egg	13	Q. We were talking about shell egg cartons.
14	I remember. That's what I remember.	14	A. Which are Publix brand eggs for the most part.
15	Q. Did you purchase any cage-free eggs?	15	Q. When I say egg products, I mean liquid eggs,
16	A. Yes.	16	powdered eggs, egg whites.
17	Q. And during the time when you were category	17	A. Oh. Yes.
18	manager, was the demand for these specialty eggs growing	18	Q. Is that true for brand for national brand
19	in the stores?	19	eggs?
20	MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.	20	MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.
21	Q. You can answer.	21	A. No.
	A. There was growth in those items, yes, sales	22	Q. Publix has no involvement in developing the
22		23	and the sign of a stinual base of a second
23	growth, which		packaging of national brand eggs?
	growth, which Q. In which items specifically? In all of them? A. In general, in all of them, yes.	24	раскадing or national brand eggs? A. No. Q. And the national brand eggs suppliers supply

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23 (Pages 86 to 89)

	23 (1 ages 00 to 07)
86	88
¹ their own packaging; correct?	¹ A. Right. The supplier pays for them.
² A. Yes.	² Q. The supplier pays for them?
³ Q. Since 2008, has Publix changed its egg	³ A. (Nodding head.)
suppliers, to your knowledge?	Q. The supplier the supplier conducts audits
5 A. I don't recall changing suppliers. They just	5 done by third parties; correct?
6 changed ownerships, because Tampa Farms ended up getting	⁶ A. Yes.
bought by Cal-Maine too. So that's what happened.	Q. And does it share that audit those audit
⁸ There was no changes that I remember, and why I'm	8 results with Publix?
⁹ thinking, because Hillandale was where I thought there	⁹ A. Yes.
was a change, but they were just bought by Cal-Maine, so	Q. How often are those audits conducted?
that's not really a change. So I don't recall a change	A. I'm not sure.
in egg suppliers.	Q. Would they be annually?
¹³ Q. So you mentioned that Cal-Maine purchased	A. Most likely. That would be a CQA function.
¹⁴ Hillandale and Tampa Farms; correct?	Q. Do you know what those audits are looking for
15 A. Uh-huh.	or monitoring?
Q. And so does that and you said that you don't	A. No, I really don't. That's a CQA question.
recall a change. So does that mean that right now today	(Bates Exhibit 5 was marked for
Publix's Publix brand shell eggs suppliers are	identification.) MS_ADENDOREE: Did Laive anyone two?
¹⁹ Cal-Maine I'll look at the list and Country Charm?	IVIS. ADENDORTT. Did i give allyone two:
A. To my knowledge, that's what it is.	THE WITNESS. You gave the two.
Q. And for liquid eggs, are those suppliers still	BT WG. ADENDORFF.
²² Michael Foods and ConAgra?	Q. Tou have in hom of you what's been marked as
A. I don't remember. They've been through a	Exhibit 5. This is a confidential document
²⁴ review. I don't know what happened.	(Telephone interruption.)
²⁵ Q. When was that review? Before you became	MS. ADENDORFF: I'm sorry.
87	89
 business development director? A. Yes. 	 Q. It's been Bates stamped CM00479571. Looking at the top, this appears to be an
Q. So you don't know the current suppliers for	e-mail from Ryn McDonald to a variety of people. Do you
4 liquid eggs?	4 recognize any of the names on this e-mail?
5 A. No.	5 A. Ken Paramore is familiar, but I cannot
 Q. Going back to quality standards for eggs, you 	for remember. That's the only name that is familiar.
mentioned food safety and breakage and issues like that;	7 Q. What about Jeff Hardin?
8 correct?	8 A. I don't remember that name.
⁹ A. (Nodding head.)	⁹ Q. And do you see underneath Ryn McDonald's name
Q. Does Publix do any audits of their egg	it says Director of Safety Cal-Maine Foods. Does that
suppliers?	11 refresh your recollection at all that Ken Paramore you
12 A. To my knowledge, no, Publix does not.	might know because he works at Cal-Maine Foods?
Q. Does Publix hire any third parties to conduct	¹³ A. Yes.
14 audits?	Q. And is he the salesperson at Cal-Maine Foods,
¹⁵ A. To my knowledge, Publix does not hire a third	to your knowledge?
party to do it.	¹⁶ A. I don't remember.
Q. To your knowledge, there's no audits of your	Q. But you believe you've had dealings with him at
outside egg suppliers?	Publix while you've been at Publix?
¹⁹ A. There is.	¹⁹ A. I remember the name. That's familiar, but
Q. Who conducts those audits?	²⁰ that's it.
21 A. I don't know.	Q. In looking at the bottom, you'll see that this
²² Q. A third party conducts audits?	is an e-mail from Connie DuBois. You testified earlier
²³ A. Right.	that Connie DuBois is in CQA for Publix; correct?
²⁴ Q. And did you say no to my earlier question	A. Correct.
because you don't know if Publix pays for them?	Q. And if you look at this e-mail below, it says:

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24 (Pages 90 to 93)

90 92 "Publix would require an annual animal welfare audit for Q. Would you see any documents reflecting audit This is an e-mail from August 2007. And if you results during that process? look at the cc line, you'll see your name, Greg Bates. A. I don't really remember if -- looking at --Do you recall this e-mail? looking through audits, but I would tell you that the CQA person would -- would bring that type of information A. No. to the meetings so we could review if we needed it if Q. Does that refresh your recollection at all as to how often Publix requires audits of its egg Q. Looking at the first question on this audit 10 10 A. Annually is what it says in the e-mail. checklist, it says: "Does the layer house provide the 11 Q. Do you recall that? Is that true? following average cage space?" And then it has: "For 12 12 A. That would be true. checks hatched after April 1st, 2002, 56 square inches. 13 13 Q. And do you know -- or do you recall that those For chicks hatched after October 1st, 2003, 58 square 14 audits have anything to do with animal welfare? 14 15 15 A. That is what the e-mail says. A. What line are you on? I'm sorry. 16 Q Is that true? Q. I'm sorry. I'm at Question 1. 17 17 A. Okay. A. I have no reason to doubt it. 18 18 Q. And do you know -- strike that. Q. And basically it goes on to list the certain 19 19 (Bates Exhibit 6 was marked for dates and for each date a certain minimum average cage 20 identification.) space required. Do you see that? 21 21 Q. You have in front of you Exhibit 6, a highly MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 22 confidential document Bates stamped PUB_EGGS_020802. 22 Q. It's all in that first question. 23 And you'll see that this document appears -- it 23 A. Oh, okay. Okay. I see it. 24 says at the top that it's a Caged Layers Audit 24 Q. And do you see that the number of inches there 25 Checklist, and it appears to be one performed on Tampa increases as the date gets later? 91 93 Farm Service. Have you ever seen a checklist like this MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. before? Q. And are you aware during the time that you were A. No, not to my recollection. Q. Do you know if Publix keeps these kinds of category manager of dairy, which this list here goes records of audits done on egg suppliers? from April 1st, 2002, to April 1st, 2008, that cage MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Lacks space requirements for cage laying hens were increasing? foundation. Cage space, yeah. A. What was the question? A. I don't know if they keep this specific kind of Q. Were you aware when you were category manager Q. Who at Publix would have had responsibility for of dairy that cage space requirements for egg-laying 11 keeping any documents related to supplier audits for hens were increasing in any way? 12 A. I recall conversations about -- with Tampa 13 13 A. Connie DuBois would be the person I would Farms about cage space. I've never recall -- I don't 14 14 assume would be responsible for that in CQA. recall seeing this document or a plan like this with 15 15 Q. If an egg supplier were to fail an audit, would specific size, but that was part of animal welfare, 16 16 you as category manager have found out about it? having more space for chickens. So that's just the --17 17 in general, remember that's --18 18 Q. Do you recall that ever occurring? Q. So you understood animal welfare for egg-laying 19 19 A. I do not remember if somebody failed an audit. hens to involve cage space? 20 Q. Did you receive regular reports of audits? A. Yes. 21 A. No. As I recall, generally they would only Q. And did you understand that increasing cage communicate with us if there was an issue, if somebody space would increase the animal welfare of those hens? 23 did fail an audit or something. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 24 24 A. Yes. Q. And would it be discussed as part of the MS. ADENDORFF: That might be a good place to supplier selection process?

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25 (Pages 94 to 97)

94 96 take a break. spoke over you. I'll be good about that. Cost to MR. GERMAINE: Okay. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now off the record. A. The buyer manages that process. I don't know The time is 10:53 a.m. specifically what day it is. Q. Are shell eggs delivered to stores weekly? (Recess from 10:53 a.m. until 11:04 a.m.) A. Depends. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record. Q. It depends? It might be delivered more The time is 11:04 a.m. BY MS. ADENDORFF: frequently or less frequently? Q. We spoke earlier about how individual stores A. More. 10 10 Q. So we discussed earlier that for Publix brand would place orders with the warehouse for a product, but 11 11 you mentioned that for shell eggs the products are shell eggs Publix has a set formula involving the Urner 12 12 delivered directly to the stores. How are orders placed Barry index that it pays for those eggs; correct? 13 13 for each store's needs for shell eggs? A. Correct. 14 14 Q. And the Urner Barry fluctuates over time; is A. What time frame? 15 15 that right? Q. When you were category manager. A. The egg -- the delivery person made the order. 17 17 Q. And so would Publix -- do you know if Publix Q. By "delivery person", who do you mean? A. The route person. for each delivery of eggs would pay a certain price 19 19 Q. The person for the egg supplier? based on the Urner Barry rate for that day? 20 A. My recollection is the Urner Barry changed once 21 21 Q. And who would he be speaking with at Publix a week. Therefore, the cost changed once a week. I 22 22 about that order? just don't remember which exact day. So whatever day 23 A. I don't know. I don't know if they needed to 23 that was, the buyer processed all of that cost 24 speak to anybody. The system changed while I -- during 24 information. Then it would change on a specific day of 25 my time there. There were -- Publix personnel would the week. The cost would change. So the delivery 95 97 actually order the eggs. before or after that would be appropriate. Q. Personnel in each store? Q. Let's talk again about the actual formula and how it's set. You mentioned that Publix sends out Q. And, presumably, customers might buy some eggs requests for prices from egg suppliers as part of the more than other eggs, certain brands or types of eggs, supplier review or the category review process and the suppliers respond with their prices, and in the case of and would your group take into account that demand for certain brands or types of eggs when you selected your shell eggs, that would be a formula; correct? suppliers? A. Correct. A. Yes. That's consumer demand. Q. So the supplier in the first instance provides 10 Q. And would you have certain reports on that, or the price; right? 11 11 how would you take that into account during the category A. Right. 12 12 review process? Q. And would you negotiate that price at that 13 13 A. They would have reports. 14 14 Q. Do you remember any particular instances where A. Yes. 15 15 you looked at demand for eggs or egg products, liquid Q. And did you negotiate almost every price that 16 16 came in the door, or was it an infrequent occurrence? eaas? 17 17 A. I don't remember a particular instance, no. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 18 18 Q. When is the price that Publix pays for each Q. For eaas 19 19 A. The question was in the review, once the price delivery of eggs set? 20 A. Repeat the question, please. is negotiated, the formula is negotiated, but then you 21 21 Q. When is the price that Publix pays for each confused me with the second part of the question about 22 delivery of eggs set? negotiating every -- rephrase that to be clear. 23 A. Are you talking about the price on the shelf, Q. You did multiple reviews for egg suppliers 24 24 or are you talking about the cost from the suppliers? during the time that you were category manager; correct? Q. The cost to Publix. Sorry. I shouldn't have A. Yes.

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26 (Pages 98 to 101)

98 100 Q. So -- so that I understand that, if you'll Q. And when the suppliers would give you their prices, would you almost always push back on those break it down a little bit, would you observe what prices those supermarkets were charging its -- their prices a little bit and try to negotiate them, or would retail customers? it be an infrequent occurrence that you would try to A. Yes. negotiate the prices? Q. And then you would base your pricing strategy A. On an ongoing basis like that, that was on the off of aiming to price similarly for your own customers; buyers' desk. That's part of their job, so I couldn't really answer that. Q. And I'm referring just to the category review A. It would be a consideration. 10 process. So only during the initial bidding, you would Q. And then after taking into account that 11 information, you would work backwards to try to figure negotiate at that time? 12 12 out what your cost of eggs needed to be? Is that what A. That's always negotiated, yes. 13 13 Q. Okay. And you were always negotiating those you're saying? 14 14 MR. GERMAINE: Objection. prices? 15 15 A. (Nodding head.) Q. Explain for me a little more what pricing based 16 16 Q. Do you know what I mean when I say price taker on competitors would look like in terms of buying the 17 17 or price maker? eggs from the suppliers. 18 18 A. Pricing is based on competitive information and 19 19 Q. Do you know if Publix would be stuck accepting margin. 20 20 the price that the egg supplier bidding initially Q. Competitive information about what they bought 21 21 offered, or would Publix try to force that egg supplier their eggs from the suppliers for, or what they charged? 22 22 A. No, what they charge, what the retail price we to come to its price? 23 23 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. see in their store, like you were saying. And then 24 Q. Its own price. What price it would want to 24 margin would be another key component of how we would 25 pay. We talked about the target price earlier. price an item so it's covering our cost. 99 101 MR. GERMAINE: Objection. Q. And would Publix have certain margin goals for A. I don't know. each of its products? A. Yes. Q. You had target prices during the review process: correct? Q. And would those vary by product? A. Yes. MR. GERMAINE: Are you talking about private label or branded eggs? Q. So you would take information about the Q. Private label shell eggs. competitors' retail price and your own target margin for that product, and from there you would work out what you A. I don't know if we had a target price for shell hoped to purchase the eggs from the suppliers from; is 10 that right? Q. You did not have a target price? 11 11 A. I said I don't know if we had one. A. Yes. 12 12 Q. Do you know if you had a target price for egg Q. You mentioned earlier that you recall that 13 13 Urner Barry changed once a week. Who received the products? Liquid eggs. 14 14 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. reported Urner Barry price, or who monitored that price? 15 15 A. I don't recall. A. The buyer. 16 16 Q. And how would they know what that price was? Q. Did you have a pricing strategy going into the 17 17 Did they receive a report? category reviews? 18 18 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. I do not remember. 19 19 A. I don't recall what the strategy was. Q. When you were category manager from 1999 to Q. Would you have a strategy, though? 2008, do you recall if egg prices increased over that time, generally, decreased, or stayed the same? Q. And what would that strategy be based off of? A. I don't remember. 23 A. Be competitive. Q. You don't recall whether egg prices increased? 24 24 Q. Against your competitor supermarkets? A. I don't remember specifically all the prices, A. Yes. so I can't tell you.

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27 (Pages 102 to 105)

102 104 Q. Are eggs -- of the different products that you Q. But you don't recall subscribing to Urner managed in dairy, were eggs a large percentage of those Barry's Reporter? products? Or what percentage of the products were eggs? A. No. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Q. Okay. Let's take a look at this first A. I don't know what percentage. paragraph on this top article here. It says: "The Q. You mentioned that you were in charge of eggs Economic Research Service (ERS) is telling consumers to and dairy and pickles and refrigerated dough and plan for higher food prices this year." different items like that; right? And I should have mentioned the date of this A. (Nodding head.) document. At the very top, it says "Spring 2008". Do 10 10 Q. Do you know if eggs were 25 percent of the 11 11 A. Okay. products that you were focused on? 12 12 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Q. Okay. It says: "These increases are in part 13 13 A. I don't remember a specific percentage. the result of the domino effect that many economists say 14 14 Q. And you don't remember any general observations began with higher energy costs. Energy costs cascade 15 15 about egg prices during the time that you were category through the production system and affect transportation, 16 processing, and refrigeration, to name just a few areas. 17 17 A. In general, prices increased because of lots of Compounding the situation is ethanol demand. Red meat, 18 18 reasons across the grocery industry. They generally poultry, egg, and seafood products" -- "producers now 19 19 don't go backwards. But specifically to eggs, I don't have a new source of buying competition for feed, which 20 is a major input cost. The higher demand for corn also 21 21 Q. Do you know why prices generally increased bolsters the price of crops that compete for the same 22 across the grocery industry during that time? 22 planting acreage. Consequently, the price of wheat and 23 23 other crops have gone up with corn." 24 24 Q. Do you -- have any -- did you have any Were you generally aware in the time frame that 25 25 conversations when you were category manager about you were category manager that corn prices increased? 103 105 general factors or costs affecting the price of food MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. items? Q. Were you generally aware of increasing corn A. I don't remember. prices? (Bates Exhibit 7 was marked for MR. GERMAINE: Objection. identification.) Q. You can answer. Q. You have in front of you Exhibit 7, which is a A. Yes. confidential document Bates stamped UE0305604, and this Q. And were you aware of increasing energy costs? is a printout from something called Urner Barry's A. I don't remember that specifically. Q. You don't recall the price of gas increasing 10 Have you ever heard of Urner Barry's Reporter? from 2000 to 2008? 11 11 A. I do not remember Urner Barry Reporter. A. I couldn't tell you what the price of gas was 12 12 Q. You did testify that you've heard of Urner in 2008. 13 13 Barry, though; correct? Q. And do you recall or did you understand at the 14 14 A. Yes, uh-huh. time whether energy costs, feed costs, corn costs, and 15 15 Q. And as part of your job as category manager and wheat costs, four things mentioned in this article, 16 16 in your interactions with your buyers, did your team for might have had any effect on the price of eggs? 17 17 dairy monitor publications that might discuss pricing of A. Repeat the first part of that question. 18 18 dairy items or of retail food items in general? Q. Do you recall in this time frame -- I'll break 19 19 A. I don't know what publications my buyers were it down one by one. Do you recall understanding at the 20 20 monitoring specifically. time that you were category manager for dairy that 21 Q. Do you know if your department subscribed to 21 energy costs could have an effect on the price of eggs? 22 22 any magazines or industry publications that would A. The cost of energy could have the price --23 23 discuss the price of retail food items? could affect the price of everything. 24 A. Dairy Food Magazine was one that I remember Q. Including eggs; correct? that we got, but --A. Yes.

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28 (Pages 106 to 109)

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	106	108
1	Q. So increasing energy costs would increase the	¹ A. Yes.
2	price of eggs?	² Q. And so you understood that increasing cage
3	A. It could.	sizes might decrease the population of birds in that
4	Q. And would could corn prices	4 barn?
5	A. But I don't remember specifically. That's the	⁵ MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.
6	problem here.	⁶ A. Did not relate it to having less population.
7	Q. Right. And would could corn prices have an	Q. Did you generally understand that reducing the
8	effect on eggs that you understood?	8 population of hens could increase the price of eggs?
9	A. Yes.	⁹ A. I don't recall having those thoughts.
10	Q. And did you understand that wheat prices could?	Q. Did you have any conversations with suppliers
11	A. I don't remember wheat being discussed or about	or any third parties about flock sizes for egg-laying
12	being a factor in the cost of eggs going up, so, no.	12 hens?
13	Q. What about animal feed prices?	¹³ A. No.
14	A. Yes.	Q. Did you have any conversations or were you
15	Q. You do recall that being a potential factor	aware strike that.
16	to to affect the price of eggs; correct?	Were you aware of any effect that exports of
17	A. Yes.	eggs could have on the price of eggs domestically?
18	Q. And what other factors do you recall	A. I don't remember that being I just don't
19	understanding had an effect on the price of eggs that	remember any conversations about eggs egg exports.
20	Publix paid while you were category manager?	Q. So you don't recall ever discussing egg exports
21	A. You listed energy and feed.	with any suppliers of eggs?
22	Q. And corn; correct?	A. I don't.
23	A. And corn.	Q. Do you know other any other factors that
24	Q. Any others?	might affect the price of eggs besides the ones we've
25	A. I remember, which I said earlier, Tampa Farms	just discussed?
1 2	having conversations about animal welfare, and that would potentially affect the cost of eggs.	 A. No. Q. What about seasonal demand for eggs?
3	Q. And did you understand that animal welfare	3 A. I recall that generally before Easter the cost
4	would increase or decrease the cost of eggs?	of eggs went up, and that would be driven on consumer
5	A. Increase.	5 demand.
6	Q. Did you understand or did anyone explain to you	 Q. So you understood that when demand was higher,
7	why that would be?	⁷ price would go up?
8	A. Those conversations were based around cages,	8 A. Yes.
9	the birds were caged or cage size, that type of	⁹ Q. What about increased demand for eggs due to
10	parameter, so it would be the reason why that it may	dietary trends, for example, the high protein diets or
11	affect the cost of eggs. But those were just	the Atkins diets?
12	conversations. I don't recall specifically what any	MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.
13	cost amount would be.	A. I don't know.
14	Q. And did you understand that increasing cage	Q. You were not aware of any effect those diets
15	size would increase costs?	had on the price of eggs?
16	A. I understood it would have that potential, yes.	A. I don't recall anything like that.
17	Q. And why why did you understand that that	Q. Were you aware of any diseases or viruses that
18	would be?	could affect the flock, the hen flocks, and therefore,
19	A. Because that's what the supplier told me.	affect supply of eggs?
20	Q. And who was the individual at Tampa Farms that	MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.
21	you discussed this with?	A. I don't remember.
22	A. Mike Bynum.	Q. You don't recall hearing any diseases that
23	Q. Did you understand that by increasing cage	might relate specifically to egg-laying hens?
24	sizes egg farmers would be able to keep less eggs in one	A. I don't remember.
25	barn? I mean less hens in one barn.	Q. Would your department have monitored factors

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29 (Pages 110 to 113)

110 112 that could affect the price of eggs? A. Any issues they might be having in their job functions that they needed guidance on. Q. How would you monitor those factors? Q. And would that include managing difficult A. Reports, the commodity pricing of corn. We saw relationships with suppliers? some of that reporting. That was -- came from our MSP A. It could, yes. department, as I recall. The buyer would have reviewed Q. Would it include problems they were having with some of that information. That's -pricing? Q. So the MSP department within Publix would draft A. Yes. reports on commodity prices? Q. What else might it include? 10 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. Promotion. 11 11 A. I don't know who drafted it. Q. Promotions, pricing, issues with suppliers. 12 12 Q. You understood those reports coming from --Anything else? 13 13 from the MSP department, though? A. Not that I can think of. 14 14 Q. You testified earlier that the formula that A. Yes. 15 15 Q. And those were not third party or external Publix pays for its Publix store brand shell eggs is 16 based off of Urner Barry; correct? reports? 17 17 A. I don't know. A. Right. 18 18 Q. And the buyer would receive these reports? Q. And does Publix pay a discount off of Urner 19 19 A. Yes. Barry? 20 20 Q. And would the buyer ever report to you on any MR. GERMAINE: Objection. 21 21 developments that it saw in these reports he saw/she A. I don't -- I don't remember. 22 22 saw? Q. So you don't recall whether the formula would 23 A. Yes. 23 be subtracting from Urner Barry or adding to Urner 24 Q. How often would that occur? 24 Barry? 25 A. I don't remember. As needed. A. Correct. 111 113 Q. As needed? Would that happen more than once a Q. And you mentioned that that formula was set in vear? the bidding process where you were selecting the supplier, and you said, I believe this morning, that you A. I don't know. said that that bid would be for a price formula that Q. Would you ever have department meetings when you were in the dairy department? would last for one year; correct? A. Yes. A. I did say that. Q. And that's for shell eggs? Q. And how often were those meetings? A. So to clarify that a little bit, the one year A. Weekly. Q. And who would be at those dairy meetings? is on a price when you're on a formula price. Maybe I didn't speak clearly. The formula price would be A. My two buyers and myself. Q. Would the business development director -- is until -- it would be ongoing. There wouldn't be a 12 12 that the right title? one-year limit to a formula price, because it changes. 13 13 A. Uh-huh. A set price was what we would put the year. 14 14 Q. Would that person attend? Q. So when might that price change, pricing 15 15 A. No. formula change? 16 16 Q. And what would you discuss at those meetings? A. It depends on the parameter in the formula. So 17 17 A. Information that I had received from my boss in if it was based off the Urner Barry, and the Urner Barry 18 changes weekly, the price can change weekly. a weekly meeting. Just a myriad of different 19 19 Q. When would the actual formula change, though, communications that involve the department, and 20 20 besides the Urner Barry component? procedures. 21 21 Q. Would buyers report to you, report things to There's no determined time. 22 22 you, or would it be only you reporting things to them? Q. When the price -- did the price ever change 23 A. They would report things to me also. during the time you were category manager? The formula. 24 24 Q. And what kinds of topics would they report to A. I don't recall. you? Q. Do you recall that it did not change?

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30 (Pages 114 to 117)

114 116 A. Correct. Q. If it changed, what would have caused that Q. Do you recall any instance in which an egg change? Would it be the supplier calling you to make supplier provided a reason why the price would have changed for egg products? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Calls for A. I do not remember a specific instance. Q. If a supplier called and asked to change the speculation. A. The supplier -pricing formula or the set price for your egg products Q. You can answer. or shell eggs, any egg products, would Publix push back A. The supplier would have to contact the buyer. on that price increase? 10 10 That would be something they would cover in a meeting. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 11 11 Q. So at these weekly meetings the buyer might A. Yes. Yes, we would. 12 12 raise that a supplier contacted them and wanted to Q. And a period of negotiation would ensue? 13 13 change the pricing formula? MR. GERMAINE: Objection. 14 MR. GERMAINE: Objection. 14 15 15 A. Yes. Q. And do you recall ever changing suppliers due 16 Q. With respect to eggs, do you recall any to increasing price for eggs? 17 17 specific changes to the formula during the time that you A. I don't recall. 18 18 were category manager? Q. Is it a certain employee at Publix's 19 19 MR. GERMAINE: Objection. Asked and answered. responsibility to keep costs as low as possible for egg 20 20 A. I don't remember. purchases? 21 21 Q. What would the reasons be that a supplier would A. The buyer. 22 22 change the formula for eggs? Q. And when you had these formulas or egg prices 23 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 23 that you received through the bidding process, did you 24 A. I can't answer for the supplier. 24 enter into a formal supply contract with your egg 25 25 Q. Would the supplier provide reasons to the buyer suppliers? 115 117 A. I do not remember. when they were asking to change the formula? Q. Did you in general when you were purchasing Q. Do you recall any reasons that egg producers products for the dairy department have supply agreements gave for wanting to change the pricing formula? from time to time with some of your suppliers? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. No, I don't. Q. For egg products, liquid eggs, you mentioned, A. What do you mean by "agreement"? if I'm correct, that the price was a set price, it was Q. A written contract between you and the not a formula-based price; is that correct? supplier. A. I don't -- I did not sign any contract. A. That is my recollection. Q. How did Publix set the terms for its Q. And how often would a set price change? 11 A. There's no determined time. relationships with its suppliers? 12 12 Q. In your experience, how often did the price of A. How did Publix do what? 13 13 liquid eggs or egg products change? Q. Set the terms for its relationships with its 14 14 A. I don't remember. suppliers 15 15 Q. Would it be more than once a year? A. Terms of agreement? 16 16 Q. Terms of delivery, terms of who was going to A. I don't remember. 17 17 Q. Do you recall if egg products were -- had the provide packaging, pricing, audit requirements that we 18 18 discussed earlier. Where would all those terms be same exact price the entire time you were category 19 19 20 20 A. For the shell egg suppliers, that information A. No, they did not. 21 21 was given to the suppliers by MSP in that process. And Q. So they must have changed while you were category manager? the buyer also, if it wasn't MSP giving it to them, it 23 was just part of their job function that suppliers are 24 24 Q. But you don't recall the frequency of those aware of all those terms and how to do business with 25 Publix. changes?

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31 (Pages 118 to 121)

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Q. So the terms of the business relationship were set during the supplier selection process that we described earlier?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Were the terms of those relationships ever changed outside of that process, just sort of in the course of business something would come up and a term would change?
 - A. I don't remember any example of that.
 - Q. With respect to eggs, or generally?
 - A. Generally and with respect to eggs.
- Q. When Publix receives costs from its -- or prices from its egg suppliers, do those prices include taxes?
 - A. I don't know.
- Q. You never saw a separate breakout for taxes for the orders for eggs?
 - A. I -- I do not remember seeing that, no.
- Q. Is Publix -- earlier we discussed qualities or factors that Publix considers when selecting its egg supplier. Is it correct to summarize your testimony that Publix does not always choose the lowest cost supplier?

MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.

A. We do not always choose the lowest cost

Quotation, then fully describe each such agreement,

identifying the purchases to which each was applicable."

And then if you skip to the bottom of the page, you'll see it says: "Plaintiff states that, in most

instances, to the best of its knowledge, the price of

eggs and egg products it purchased from defendants was

based in whole or in part on an Urner Barry Price

Quotation. However, Plaintiff further states that not

all Urner Barry Price Quotations were the same for all 10 of Plaintiff's purchases of eggs or egg products over

the relevant time period. Urner Barry Price Quotations can differ over time and by geographic location, among

other factors."

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In general, is that response correct, to the best of your knowledge?

MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.

Q. Is that response correct?

MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.

Q. You can answer.

A. Let me read it.

MR. GERMAINE: You should feel free to read the whole document if you need to.

A. I don't know.

Q. On the last sentence there, it says: "Urner Barry Price Quotations can differ over time and by

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geographic location, among other factors."

Does that refresh your recollection of whether the Urner Barry quote varies over geography?

A. No, because I honestly do not remember.

Q. Turning to your second -- the answer to the second interrogatory, which is on page 7, if you can look at the first full paragraph, it says: "Plaintiffs states that, in most instances, to the best of its

knowledge, the prices of eggs and eggs products it purchased from Defendants were based in whole or in part

on an Urner Barry Price Quotation. However, Plaintiff's grocery business unit purchased national brand eggs and

egg products and specialty eggs based on a fixed vendor price list. The prices of these eggs/egg products were not, unlike Publix brand eggs and egg products,

explicitly based on the prevailing Urner Barry Price Quotation for the subject product and region."

> Is that correct? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.

A. I don't know.

- Q. You testified earlier that the branded eggs that you purchased for Publix were purchased on a fixed price: correct? 24
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And the Publix brand eggs were purchased off of

provider.

Q. And that's because Publix wants to provide quality goods to its consumers; correct? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.

- A. It's because cost is only one factor of the -of the decision.
 - Q. And quality is another factor; correct?
 - A. It is.
- Q. And is that because Publix wants to ensure that its grocery store customers receive a quality product?
 - A. It is.
 - Q. Because that reflects on the Publix brand?

(Bates Exhibit 8 was marked for identification.)

Q. You have in front of you what's been marked as Exhibit 8, and this is Publix's answers to what are called interrogatories, certain questions that are asked in the course of litigation. And I represent to you that this is Publix's answers.

And if you flip to page 4, you'll see that the question asks: "If during the period covered by your complaint you made purchases of products where you expressly agreed that the prices would be determined, in whole or in part, on the basis of an Urner Barry Price

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122 124 **Urner Barry?** A. Right. (Bates Exhibit 9 was marked for A. Yes. identification.) Q. Okay. We discussed earlier that people in your department might monitor factors that could affect the Q. You have in front of you Exhibit 9, which is a highly confidential document Bates stamped price of eggs; correct? A. Yes. PUB_EGGS_015630. Q. Did Publix do any forecasting of egg prices? And looking at the top, this appears to be an A. To my knowledge, I don't remember that. e-mail exchange between Jeff Cutler, apparently of Q. Did Publix ever consider switching from Urner Golden Oval Eggs, and Mark Dobersch and Ivonne Leon 10 10 Barry formula-based pricing to other forms of pricing regarding liquid whole egg in 2007. 11 11 Do you recognize the name Mark Dobersch? for its shell eggs? 12 12 A. I'm not aware of that. 13 13 Q. Are you aware that other than Urner Barry there Q. And who is Mark Dobersch? 14 A. He works in the MSP department. are other commodities that you could price your egg 15 formula off of? Let me reformulate that question. Q. And do you recognize Ivonne Leon? 16 Other than Urner Barry, are there other indexes A. No. I do not. 17 that you could use to set the price of eggs in a Q. And do you know Jeff Cutler? 18 formula? A. No, I do not. A. Yes. Q. Have you ever heard of Golden Oval Eggs? 20 Q. Are you aware of grain-based pricing for eggs? 21 21 A. Not specifically. Q. And, to your knowledge, did Publix retail 22 22 grocery department ever purchase eggs from Golden Oval Q. Did you ever discuss any alternative pricing 23 23 methods with your egg suppliers? Eggs? 24 A. In a general conversation, may have discussed 24 A. I do not remember us purchasing anything from 25 other methods, but we never asked for one. Never Golden Oval Eggs. 123 125 Q. If you look at the second e-mail down, the one pursued one, to my knowledge. Q. Why did Publix not pursue alternative pricing from Mark Dobersch -- from Mark Dobersch -- it says: "Jeff, we simply cannot take this big of a hit. My A. Because we did not want to be noncompetitive in question is" -- "my question to you is are you willing our pricing to the customer, because it was our to keep this out there as it may cost you the business?" understanding that our competition prices were based off Do you see that? of Urner Barry, assumed that, and so if we were to go to A. I do. another pricing method, we were afraid we would have --Q. And then below that, it says: "Ivonne, please our costs would be at times higher, and then we would -find that attached form with explanation of price cause us to be uncompetitive. increase on the item that we currently supply to both 11 Q. And you testified that the number for Urner the Lakeland and Atlanta facilities." 12 12 Barry could change week to week; right? So in this e-mail exchange, it appears that 13 13 Jeff Cutler has sent Mark Dobersch and others a price A. Right. 14 14 Q. So that would cause volatility in your costs of increase, and then Mark Dobersch responds and says: "We 15 15 eggs; right? cannot take this big of a hit. It may cost you the 16 16 A. Right. business." 17 17 When you testified that you negotiated with Q. Did you ever consider switching to a flat 18 18 price, like you used for egg products, on shell eggs so suppliers, would this be the kind of strategy that you 19 19 that you would have less volatility in your cost for would use in terms of, if the supplier presented to you 20 20 eggs? a price increase, would you let them know if it was 21 21 A. No. unacceptable? 22 Q. Why not? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. The reason I just stated in the last question. A. We ask for justification of a price increase. 24 Q. Because you understood that your competitors Q. And at times would you decide those certain were basing their shell egg prices off of Urner Barry? price increases were unacceptable?

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128 126 A. I'm trying to think of an instance. That's negotiation back and forth. Q. Do you have any reason to doubt that Chris Q. And during negotiations, did you ever inform Smith works at Publix? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. your suppliers that you could drop them as a supplier if they did not lower the price increase? A. I do. because I don't remember Chris Smith. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Q. Would someone with the e-mail address A. I don't recall an instance doing that. @imc.publix.com work for Publix? Q. Did Publix have the ability to drop a supplier MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Lacks if it increased the price too much? foundation. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. I don't know what "imc" is. It's not the way 11 A. The decision -- the question doesn't make sense my e-mail address reads. 12 to me, because when we go through a supplier review, Q. What's your e-mail address? 13 that's exactly what it is, is choosing a supplier. So 13 A. Greg.bates@Publix.com. 14 14 that is the ability to choose our supplier, so... Q. And if you look at the second e-mail there, it 15 Q. But you also testified that the price a says: "Chris, it was good talking with you this 16 16 supplier charges might change in between category morning. As discussed, we would like to offer Publix 17 17 reviews; correct? flat pricing for the liquid whole egg that we currently 18 A. Uh-huh. supply." 19 19 Q. And they might call -- you testified that a And what is flat pricing? 20 supplier could call the egg buyer and inform them of a MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 21 21 A. I don't know in the context of this e-mail what price increase; correct? 22 22 A. Uh-huh. their definition is. 23 Q. And then you testified that you might negotiate 23 Q. You mentioned that there's two forms of pricing 24 at that point on that price increase? 24 for eggs; correct? There's formula-based and fixed 25 25 A. Right. price. Would flat pricing be another word for fixed 127 129 pricing? Q. So during those negotiations, did you ever tell a supplier, "We might just change suppliers if you don't A. That would be my understanding of it, but I am lower your price increase."? not familiar with this. They could have a different MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Asked and Q. In the top e-mail, it says: "Chris" -- I'm A. What would happen from my chair as category sorry. "Jeff, we've been discussing this on our side manager was I would request a review so we could go and are a little hesitant to agree to a flat price for through a supplier review. such a long period of time. What are your thoughts on a Q. So you would consider changing suppliers if the year time frame?" price increased? So in that e-mail, it appears that Chris Smith 11 11 A. I could. That would be my option. That's how is saying a price -- a flat price for liquid eggs for 12 12 I would handle it. longer than a one-year time frame made Chris and others, 13 13 (Bates Exhibit 10 was marked for unspecified others, uncomfortable. 14 14 identification.) Why would Publix consider a one-year time frame 15 15 Q. You have in front of you Exhibit 10, a highly for a flat price for liquid eggs to be too long, or more 16 16 confidential document Bates stamped PUB_EGGS_016558. than a one-year time frame? 17 17 And this is an e-mail from Chris Smith to Jeff Cutler. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 18 18 Do you know who Chris Smith is? A. I do not know why they made that decision or 19 19 A. No, I don't remember that name. 20 20 Q. Do you see in the second e-mail there that it Q. Did you have flat prices for more than a year 21 21 says chris.smith@imc.publix.com is the "to" recipient? in the retail department for egg products? A. Yes. I see it. A. I don't remember. Q. Does that refresh your recollection of whether Q. If -- if Publix expected that egg prices were 24 Chris Smith worked for Publix? going to increase, would Publix want to lock in a fixed A. It does not. I just don't remember Chris lower price?

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130 132 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. the type that you were referring to? A. It depends. There's risk in the situation A. It does. Q. And it seems from this questionnaire that these either way. are Cal-Maine's answers, Cal-Maine Foods' answers, to Q. Can you explain to me how Publix would look at that risk? your questionnaire? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. Yes. Q. Looking at No. 2, you see listed underneath A. Knowledge of the category and the factors. Locking in a price can be good for you, as you that question certain types of eggs, for example, medium expressed, but if they go down, it's bad for you. So eggs, 12-count; large eggs, 6-count; large eggs, 10 12-count carton. Were those the different types of 11 11 Q. So you might not want to lock in a long-term shell eggs that you purchased as -- for Publix's brand? 12 12 price if you expect the prices are going to fall? 13 13 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Q. Turning -- go ahead. Turning to Question No. 14 14 A. Correct. 30 on page 3, do you see that it says: "What other 15 15 Q. Is that right? pricing systems do you offer shell egg customers (cost 16 A. It's not a cut and dried thing. Like I said, plus, etc.)?" 17 it depends on the -- on the folks making the decision And then Cal-Maine answers: "We could discuss 18 18 for the item at that time. a cost plus or sliding scale (greater discount when 19 19 Q. And it depends on -market is higher) as discussed at next meeting." Or, 20 20 A. So there's no set rule. sorry. "Discussed at meeting." 21 21 Q. It depends on what those folks predict would Why would Publix include a question about 22 22 happen with prices; correct? alternative pricing systems on its questionnaire? 23 23 MR. GERMAINE: Objection. A. It's just another point of information. 24 A. I can't speak for these folks. 24 Q. Did Publix ever consider changing to any other 25 25 Q. In your purchases of eggs, what -- what would alternative pricing metrics for its shell eggs? 131 133 affect your decision to lock in a price for a longer A. I answered that question already. period of time? Q. What was your answer? Yes? A. What our expectation of the pricing would be, A. My answer was, no, we didn't pursue it because whether it would go up or down, would be a factor in of the -- the risk of competitiveness. Q. And in Cal-Maine's response, it says: "A that decision. (Bates Exhibit 11 was marked for sliding scale," and then parentheses, "greater discount identification.) when market is higher." Q. You have in front of you Exhibit 11, which is a Do you know if Publix ever had a greater highly confidential document, PUB_EGGS_006960, and at discount in its egg formula when the market price or the 10 the top it says Publix Super Markets, Inc. Qualifying Urner Barry price for eggs was higher? 11 11 Questionnaire Publix Brand Eggs. A. I do not recall. 12 12 Do you recognize this document? Q. Do you recall any other factors that might have 13 13 A. I don't remember it. It's been a long time. changed the formula discount that Publix paid for eggs, 14 14 Q. Do you recognize this form generally? including paying on time or certain early payments for 15 15 A. Wow. It's been a long time. I don't recognize 16 16 this -- it was -- the form has changed from what we use A. No. I do not recall. 17 Q. Formulas never incorporated payment terms? now. It looks --18 A. I don't -- I don't know. Q. You testified earlier that when selecting 19 19 suppliers for Publix brand eggs you would send out a Q. You don't recall? 20 20 A. Yeah, I don't recall. questionnaire; correct? 21 21 A. Yes. Q. I think we're going to come back to this 22 Q. And that you would have input in the questions exhibit, so you might want to just set it aside 23 23 on that questionnaire? specially. 24 24 A. Yes. A. Okay. Q. And does this appear to be a questionnaire of Q. In the next step of the process after you have

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purchased the eggs and they've been delivered to your Publix stores, you mentioned earlier, I believe, that the buyer sets the price that Publix charges for its

eggs to its retail customers; correct?

- A. Correct.
- Q. Who has input on that price?
- A. The category manager has input.
- Q. So the category manager, the buyer. Does the business development director get involved in the setting of the price?
 - A. Generally, no.
- Q. And can you describe to me how that process works? How does the buyer come up with the price?
 - A. There's a pricing system.
 - Q. Is that a computer system?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And is it the same pricing system for all the different dairy products?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And what are the -- walk me through that system. What are the inputs to that system? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.
 - A. This is confidential information.
- Q. We are -- we can designate it as highly confidential.

different areas, but those areas vary widely. Some of them are a large group, a large area. Some of them are small areas.

- Q. And just so I have a sense of the scale you're talking about, would a large area be a state, for example?
 - A. No, not that large.
 - Q. Not that large. So a region of a state?
 - A. (Nodding head.)
- Q. And a small area would be maybe a specific large city; is that right? Just give a verbal response.
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And for prices -- so you just talked about getting competitors' prices on -- in these specific zones. Would Publix also set its price differently in different regions or different store areas?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. When Publix sets a price for eggs, how many stores does that price apply to?

MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.

- A. We have a price tag in every single store of the company, so I'm not sure where -- what you're asking.
- Q. And would the prices -- the price tags in every single store be the same for eggs?

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A. The cost and margin, and expected margin, which, as you stated -- the cost would be the cost from the supplier. Okay. So then there's a margin expectation, which does vary by product type, and then there's competitive price information in there about what we see at other retailers. That is -- those are the factors that go into consideration of how we sell at retail.

Q. And for competitive price information, is it the buyers' responsibility to gather that information?

- A. No, it is gathered by a third party.
- Q. And is that competitive price information for certain locations, or is there some sort of average across the country?
 - A. Certain locations.
- Q. And how small of a region would that location be? Would it be a city or a state?
- A. It is specific locations that cover all of our market area, so it's just in the -- where we have stores.
- Q. And does the price vary that you receive on a city basis even within those regions? How is it broken down?
- A. Now you're getting granular. I do not know -- it's we have price zones, so it's by zone, which is in

A. No.

- Q. And if you take a certain store's price, say here in Lakeland, would all the stores in Lakeland have the same price taq?
- A. Not necessarily, because the zone doesn't -may split part of a city. The zone is an area. It doesn't have to be by city or county. So --
- Q. So the zones that you consider for your competitors' price information, are those the same zone areas that you use for setting Publix's own prices of eggs?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. So when you set a price, a specific price for eggs, it's specific to a certain zone?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And those zones could be anywhere from the size of a city to a portion of a state?
- A. It can be smaller than the size of a city to the size of, yeah, a state, that's correct.
- Q. And you mentioned the pricing system is a computer program. Who sets the formula that the computer program uses to output the price that you ultimately charge?
- A. Who sets the what?
- Q. The formula. So if you input these different

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¹ factors that you mentioned, the cost from the supplier,	¹ MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Calls for
the margin expectation, and the competitive price	speculation.
information, who designed the system? Who actually set	³ Q. You can answer.
⁴ up the formula that outputs the price Publix ultimately	A. I don't want to speculate, I want to give you
5 charges its consumers?	the truth, so I can't give you a specific number. I
⁶ A. I don't know.	6 can't remember it.
Q. Do you know if it was done by a third party?	Q. In your job as category manager, you supervised
8 A. It was, to my knowledge, not done by a third	8 the pricing strategy for eggs; correct?
⁹ party.	9 A. Uh-huh.
Q. Internally to Publix?	Q. So you were familiar with the margin that
11 A. Yes.	Publix received on its eggs?
Q. But you did not have any input in that?	A. (Nodding head.)
A. I do not set that strategy or program.	Q. So in that experience, on average, could you
Q. What is Publix's strategy for retail pricing of	give me a sense of what the margin might be? Was it in
15 eggs?	the range of 300 percent, 3 percent? What are what
A. To be competitive.	are the margins on eggs for Publix
Q. And was Publix always looking to be the lowest	MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.
cost supplier in the market?	¹⁸ Q on average?
¹⁹ A. No.	You can answer.
Q. So how did Publix define being competitive with	MR. GERMAINE: If you know.
respect to eggs?	A. I don't know what the specific number is.
A. Being within a certain percentage	Q. Who would know other than you?
Q. And do you remember what range	²³ A. The buyer.
A from the competitive price.	Q. And the buyer would have talked about that with
lt would vary by zone and competitor.	²⁵ you; right?
 Q. And competitor? A. Well, same difference. Vary by zone. 	A. Not necessarily. Q. You didn't communicate with the buyer about the
 Q. So if a competitor raised prices, would Publix 	³ pricing strategy of eggs?
be able to raise prices as well?	4 A. I did.
5 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.	 Q. And that pricing strategy would include the
⁶ A. Depends, because the competitor price is not	6 margin that Publix was aiming to make on its eggs;
the only factor. As I stated before, margin is a	orrect?
8 factor. So if we are making our margin, we would not	8 A. It would, but that margin was in is in the
⁹ raise our price to follow a competitor.	9 pricing system. It's just been a long time ago, so I
Q. So once you achieved your goal margin, you	can't remember the the specific numbers.
would not necessarily increase your price, even if a	Q. As business development director, do you have
competitor's price increased?	any input on the retail pricing of eggs?
and the same of th	
A. That is correct.	A. That is the responsibility of the of the
A. That is correct.	A. That is the responsibility of the of the
 A. That is correct. Q. Has Publix's strategy for egg pricing changed 	A. That is the responsibility of the of the category team, the buyer and the category manager.
 A. That is correct. Q. Has Publix's strategy for egg pricing changed over time from the beginning of when you became category 	A. That is the responsibility of the of the category team, the buyer and the category manager. Q. And would you work with the category managers
A. That is correct. Q. Has Publix's strategy for egg pricing changed over time from the beginning of when you became category manager of dairy to now?	A. That is the responsibility of the of the category team, the buyer and the category manager. Q. And would you work with the category managers at all to set strategy for pricing?
A. That is correct. Q. Has Publix's strategy for egg pricing changed over time from the beginning of when you became category manager of dairy to now? A. I don't remember specifically.	A. That is the responsibility of the of the category team, the buyer and the category manager. Q. And would you work with the category managers at all to set strategy for pricing? A. No, that is their responsibility.
A. That is correct. Q. Has Publix's strategy for egg pricing changed over time from the beginning of when you became category manager of dairy to now? A. I don't remember specifically. Q. What are the target margins for Publix for	A. That is the responsibility of the of the category team, the buyer and the category manager. Q. And would you work with the category managers at all to set strategy for pricing? A. No, that is their responsibility. Q. Are you familiar with the term loss leader?
A. That is correct. Q. Has Publix's strategy for egg pricing changed over time from the beginning of when you became category manager of dairy to now? A. I don't remember specifically. Q. What are the target margins for Publix for shell eggs?	A. That is the responsibility of the of the category team, the buyer and the category manager. Q. And would you work with the category managers at all to set strategy for pricing? A. No, that is their responsibility. Q. Are you familiar with the term loss leader? A. Yes.
A. That is correct. Q. Has Publix's strategy for egg pricing changed over time from the beginning of when you became category manager of dairy to now? A. I don't remember specifically. Q. What are the target margins for Publix for shell eggs? A. I don't know what they are.	A. That is the responsibility of the of the category team, the buyer and the category manager. Q. And would you work with the category managers at all to set strategy for pricing? A. No, that is their responsibility. Q. Are you familiar with the term loss leader? A. Yes. Q. What is a loss leader?
A. That is correct. Q. Has Publix's strategy for egg pricing changed over time from the beginning of when you became category manager of dairy to now? A. I don't remember specifically. Q. What are the target margins for Publix for shell eggs? A. I don't know what they are. Q. Would it be in the range of 5 percent, or	A. That is the responsibility of the of the category team, the buyer and the category manager. Q. And would you work with the category managers at all to set strategy for pricing? A. No, that is their responsibility. Q. Are you familiar with the term loss leader? A. Yes. Q. What is a loss leader? A. An item that a a retailer will put out there
A. That is correct. Q. Has Publix's strategy for egg pricing changed over time from the beginning of when you became category manager of dairy to now? A. I don't remember specifically. Q. What are the target margins for Publix for shell eggs? A. I don't know what they are. Q. Would it be in the range of 5 percent, or 50 percent?	A. That is the responsibility of the of the category team, the buyer and the category manager. Q. And would you work with the category managers at all to set strategy for pricing? A. No, that is their responsibility. Q. Are you familiar with the term loss leader? A. Yes. Q. What is a loss leader? A. An item that a a retailer will put out there at at or below cost to attract customers into their

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	142 144
they're hoping that they will make more	ney on other ¹ A. No, I do not.
² products those customers buy; correct	t? Q. Do you recall ever issuing coupons or ads for
³ A. That is correct.	³ egg products?
4 Q. Were eggs ever used as a loss	leader? A. Ads. I don't remember coupons for the egg
⁵ A. I don't recall.	⁵ substitutes.
⁶ Q. Are eggs higher margin produc	ets than other Q. What factors does Publix consider when
⁷ products in the dairy department, or lo	
8 A. I don't recall specifically.	⁸ promotional price on eggs?
⁹ Q. As category manager for dairy,	were you aware A. Incremental sales, the is one factor. The
that shoppers at Publix Super Markets	s would frequently profitability of the item is a factor. The demand is
buy eggs when they came in the store	a is a factor, which would be the, you know, the
A. Yes. It's a high unit moving i	tem. 12 customer demand, the draw it would have for them.
Q. And because of that, was it a p	
item to use as a loss leader or for pro	
MR. GERMAINE: Objection to f	
¹⁶ A. It was a good item for a prom	1
Q. Did you run egg promotions wh	
¹⁸ category manager?	promotion or a discount with the egg supplier
¹⁹ A. Yes.	themselves; correct?
Q. How frequently would you pron	
A. I don't recall.	Q. Did the discounts or promotions ever come from
Q. Are promotions done on a zone	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
23 A. No.	A. On branded eggs, we would get promotions from
Q. They could be across all Publix	
A. They could be across all m	
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they were across my recollection i	is it was across all say the egg producer called up the buyer and said, "We
stores, but we have the ability for it	not to be. 2 want to offer a 5 percent discount on our eggs." That
Q. To be specific to a certain zone?	would be 5 percent off of the cost that you paid for the
4 A. No, specific to a certain ad ver	rsion. That's a eggs; correct?
5 different system when it goes by ad	versions. 5 Is that correct?
⁶ Q. Okay. So ads in certain cities th	nat might 6 A. The buyer negotiates with
⁷ apply to Publix stores; is that correct?	⁷ Q. A certain discount?
8 A. Exactly.	8 A a certain discount with the supplier.
⁹ Q. Do you know if Publix ever ran a	
coupons on eggs while you were categ	
A. I do remember, yeah, we ran a	
did have coupons on eggs for a while	
stopped. We had actually coupons	
egg packages that you could peel of	•••
¹⁵ Q. On the cartons?	discount?
¹⁶ A. On the carton. Then we stopp	
¹⁷ Q. Do you know approximately wha	
¹⁸ was?	A. It depends on that's a negotiated thing
¹⁹ A. It was while I was category ma	
20 stopped it before I left that job.	to get to a certain retail promoted price, and funding
Q. What about egg products or liqu	
you ever run promotions on liquid eggs	
A. Yes.	Q. So the supplier is seeking to target a specific
Q. Do you recall ever using liquid e	
²⁵ leader?	25 A. Generally, yes, they are.

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148 146 authorize promotions on eggs? Q. And he's trying to work with the buyer to reach that price? A. No. A. Yes. Q. How would Publix document specific promotions Q. Has Publix ever sold its eggs for a loss? it was going to run on eggs? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. We had an ad plan. A. Yes, I can remember when I was category Q. Any other ways to document if there was going manager, for Easter, we sold eggs at a loss. It was an to be a price drop due to a promotion on eggs? Easter ad. Because the price went up. The cost went A. A deal sheet. up, but we already had our ad price set and it was Q. What's a deal sheet? 10 A. It is a cost promotion form. beyond our capability changing the ad price, so the eggs 11 were sold at a loss. That's the only time I can Q. What would --12 remember we sold eggs at a loss. A. So that would be a form -- to your last 13 13 Q. Do you recall when that was? question, that is a form, but it's -- it is the form 14 14 whereby suppliers give costs to Publix on. So the buyer A. A long time ago. 15 Q. When you were category manager? manages that process. 16 A. When I was category manager. In the earlier Q. And does this appear to be a deal sheet to you? 17 part of my term, because in the end we quit advertising A. No. 18 eggs at Easter, and that's because the demand was high Q. So you've never seen any form like this? 19 19 and customers would buy them anyways, so -- plus the A. I can't say never, but I can't remember. I 20 20 rising cost was hard to control or predict. just don't remember seeing it. Obviously -- and I may 21 21 not have been, because Bessie signed it. MR. GERMAINE: Can we take a break? 22 22 MS. ADENDORFF: Yeah. I think we'll need to Q. At the time, Bessie Foster did work for you, 23 take a lunch break. I think we'll go long enough 23 though? 24 today. 24 A. Yes. 25 25 MR. GERMAINE: Okay. Well, I think we may Q. And this sheet appears to say that -- let's 147 149 have -flip to the second page, the Eggs Promotion Fact Sheet. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Go off the record? It says coupon value is free eggs with purchase of three Grands Biscuits. MR. GERMAINE: Yeah. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're now off the record. So does this appear to represent that Publix was going to give away eggs with the purchase of Grands The time is 12:19 p.m. (Recess from 12:19 p.m. until 12:32 p.m.) biscuits? THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're now on the record. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. The time is 12:32 p.m. A. It says free eggs up to a dollar, so if you (Bates Exhibit 12 was marked for chose an egg item that was over a dollar, it wouldn't be identification.) free. But, yes, when it's purchased with the three 11 11 MS. ADENDORFF: I'm sorry, I only have three biscuits. 12 12 copies of this exhibit. I don't know if y'all can Q. And would this be an example of Publix selling 13 13 eggs below cost? 14 14 BY MS. ADENDORFF: A. No, it would not. 15 15 Q. You have in front of you what's been marked Q. Why not? 16 16 Exhibit 12. This is highly confidential document A. Because the supplier that sells the biscuits is 17 17 PUB_EGGS_012867. And this says that it's an giving the dollar, giving the cost of the eggs to 18 18 Publix. authorization for promotional cartons. 19 19 Do you recognize this document? Q. So this promotion is an example of a time when 20 20 A. I don't recall this document. It's been a long a supplier of a different product would affect the price 21 21 time. 22 22 Q. And who is Bessie Foster? A. Not really. The price of eggs didn't change. 23 A. She was a buyer who worked for me. Q. For Publix's receipts, but for its customers, 24 24 Q. Were you familiar with any particular form that it would; correct? 25 Publix used when you were dairy category manager to A. Yes.

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150	152
¹ Q. Okay.	¹ A. It appears to be.
² (Bates Exhibit 13 was marked for	Q. Would you have been in the meeting where these
³ identification.)	³ presentations would have been shown?
Q. You have in front of you Exhibit 13, a highly	4 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.
5 confidential document Bates stamped PUB_EGGS_012295; is	⁵ A. Not necessarily, because the buyer is the key
6 that correct?	6 contact. So the buyer has most all the meetings with
⁷ A. Yes.	the suppliers; category manager only in some.
⁸ Q. And do you recognize this document?	⁸ Q. Have you heard of the Food Marketing Institute?
⁹ A. No, I do not.	⁹ A. Yes.
¹⁰ Q. In the bottom right-hand corner of the	Q. What is the Food Marketing Institute?
document, it says Acosta. Do you know who Acosta is?	A. It's an organization for the grocery business,
¹² A. It is a brokerage food brokerage.	for suppliers and retailers. I don't know what all they
¹³ Q. What is a food broker?	do, to be exact.
¹⁴ A. Third party. They represent manufacturers to	Q. Do you know if it's a large organization?
15 retailers.	A. That would be my perception, that it is a large
Q. So they are a middleman in the buyer/purchasing	16 organization.
relationship; is that right?	Q. Do you know if Publix is a member of FMI?
¹⁸ A. That is correct.	¹⁸ A. Yes, Publix is a member.
¹⁹ Q. Do any does Acosta represent any egg	Q. Do you know if any employees from Publix hold
suppliers that you know of?	positions at FMI?
A. I don't remember.	A. I don't know.
Q. Looking at the slide, it says: "Rising prices	Q. Do you know of any Publix employees that are
increased dollar sales without hurting consumption."	involved with FMI?
And then it then below the Publix logo, it	²⁴ A. I don't know.
says: "Fresh eggs are a \$134.7 million segment. Egg	Q. How do you know that Publix is a member of FMI?
151	153
substitutes are an \$18.9 million segment. Despite the	A. Because I've been told they were.
significant price increases, fresh egg unit sales have	² Q. By who?
³ remained stable."	3 A. My boss.
Do you recall that the price of eggs increased	Q. Do you know if do you know who Publix's CEO
5 without hurting Publix's sales of eggs?	5 is?
⁶ A. I do not recall specifically.	6 A. Yes.
Q. Do you recall ever seeing this slide?	⁷ Q. Who is it?
8 A. No.	8 A. Ed Crenshaw.
⁹ Q. Would Publix have asked Acosta to put together	⁹ Q. And do you know if he is involved with FMI
¹⁰ this slide?	personally?
11 A. I don't know.	11 A. I don't know.
Q. Did Publix ever ask Acosta for information	Q. Do you know why Publix is a member of FMI?
about the egg market?	A. Because it supports our industry.
¹⁴ A. I don't recall.	Q. So FMI works for the benefit of the industry?
¹⁵ Q. Did Publix ever receive information from Acosta	¹⁵ A. Yes.
about the egg market?	Q. Is FMI a source of information for the
¹⁷ A. I don't recall.	industry?
¹⁸ Q. Did you ever meet with Acosta or any	¹⁸ A. Yes.
19 representatives from Acosta?	Q. Would you consider information from FMI
²⁰ A. Yes, I have met with Acosta.	²⁰ reliable?
Q. And would they give you presentations about the	²¹ A. Yes.
retail grocery business?	Q. And why would you consider it reliable?
²³ A. Yes.	A. Because it is it supports our industry from
Q. And does this slide appear to be one of those	the supplier and the retailer. Just kind of a
25 presentations?	collaboration, is my limited understanding of it,
procentations.	onasoration, to my inflicted understanding of it,

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40 (Pages 154 to 157)

156 154 between those -- the experts in our industry, so... And because we -- my company, Publix, is a Q. Do you know if anyone did at Publix? A. I do not know. member of it, so that means trust in the -- or reliability with that organization, as my interpretation (Bates Exhibit 14 was marked for identification.) Q. We discussed earlier the term animal welfare. Q. You have in front of you what's been marked Exhibit 14, a highly confidential document Bates stamped Do you recall that? A. Yes. PUB_EGGS_020727; correct? Q. And you testified that you understood animal A. Correct. 10 10 welfare with respect to egg-laying hens could involve Q. And at the top, this document says Publix 11 11 cage space; correct? Animal Welfare Statement. Do you recognize this 12 12 A. Correct. 13 13 Q. And you testified that increasing cage space A. No, I don't. 14 increases animal welfare of hens, as you understood it? 14 Q. Does this document refresh your recollection in 15 15 any way as to whether Publix has an animal welfare 16 Q. Does Publix have established animal welfare policy? 17 17 guidelines? A. Not yet. Let me read it. 18 18 A. I don't know. Q. Sure. 19 19 Q. In your purchasing, have you ever imposed A. So what was the question again? 20 animal welfare requirements on suppliers? Q. Does this refresh your recollection as to 21 21 A. What I recall us doing is asking our suppliers whether Publix has an animal welfare policy? 22 22 A. No, it really doesn't, because I really don't to perform best practices in their industry, and for 23 23 eggs, I think that would include best practices in remember. 24 animal welfare. 24 Q. Do you see at the bottom where it says 25 25 Q. And who at Publix decided what best practices July 2002? 155 157 A. Uh-huh. were for each particular product? A. Each particular type of product defined as Q. Now, looking back at the first paragraph, it says: "We endorse the Animal Welfare Guidelines developed by the Food Marketing Institute (FMI) and the Q. Well, animal welfare comes from certain kinds of animals, and typically animal welfare standards National Council of Chain Restaurants (NCCR), and we've relate to each different type of animal and the proper adopted these guidelines as the standard requirement for way to farm that animal. So assuming all of that, who our suppliers." decides best practices in relation to egg-laying hens Correct? A. Correct. versus cows versus pork? 10 Q. In July 2002, were you made aware that the A. That would be CQA department. 11 11 Q. And do you know if CQA consults with any third FMA -- FMI guidelines were the standard requirement for 12 12 parties in developing those standards? Publix's suppliers? 13 13 A. I just don't remember. A. I do not know. 14 14 Q. Have you ever heard of FMI's animal welfare Q. Do you -- you dealt with suppliers of eggs; 15 15 guidelines? correct? 16 16 A. I've heard of it. A. Yes. 17 17 Q. And you had requirements for those suppliers; Q. What do you know about it? 18 18 A. Not much at all. riaht? 19 19 Q. Do you recall when the guidelines came into 20 Q. Do you know if compliance with the FMI existence? 21 A. No, I don't. I'm thinking it may be after I 21 guidelines was one of those requirements? moved out of dairy or right at the end. I don't know. A. I don't remember. I would have relied on the 23 Q. Did you play -- I think I know the answer to CQA person to be a part of that or answer that question. 24 24 Q. So any animal welfare requirements that were this one, but did you play any part in the development part of Publix's questionnaires to suppliers or dealings of those guidelines?

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41 (Pages 158 to 161)

158 160 with suppliers would have come from CQA? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. Any questions dealing with? A. What was the question again? Q. Was part of FMI -- Publix's reliance on FMI Q. Animal welfare requirements as they applied --A. We had input to the questionnaire, so -because Publix was aware that increasing animal welfare Q. So animal welfare -standards would increase the cost of eggs and it didn't A. It could have come from us or CQA, but this is want to be at a competitive disadvantage with its more in the realm of CQA. That's why I'm saying this competitors as it relates to the cost of eggs? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Q. Were you aware that those questionnaires A. We wanted animal welfare because it was -- it's 10 10 included any questions regarding animal welfare all about the quality and manufacturers going by best 11 11 practices. Okay? Publix, or category manager, me, I'm 12 12 A. I don't remember what was on the egg not the expert in that industry. I learn that from the 13 13 egg suppliers. They're the experts in the industry. questionnaire. 14 14 Q. Do you recall whether any animal welfare And FMI is a help to that. 15 15 requirements were communicated to egg suppliers while Q. You testified earlier that Publix wanted to 16 you were category manager of dairy? remain competitive in its pricing of eggs; correct? 17 17 A. I just don't remember. A. Yes. 18 18 Q. Do you recall discussing animal welfare with Q. And if it increased its costs by adopting 19 19 respect to egg-laying hens when you were category animal welfare standards, that would hurt its 20 20 competitive position relative to its competitors if manager of dairy. 21 21 A. Yes. Like I mentioned before, I did remember those competitors did also not adopt animal welfare 22 22 some of those discussions going on. standards; right? 23 23 Q. And that was with Tampa Farms; is that correct? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 24 24 MR. RAYLE: Join. 25 25 Q. Do you recall any discussions outside of your A. It could. 159 161 discussion with Tampa Farms? Q. Did you or anyone in your department monitor A. I had a discussion with my boss, which was what other animal welfare standards your competitors Dave Cerra at the time, and I can -- what I remember adopted? about that is discussions that we -- we felt like FMI A. Not that I'm aware of. I don't remember. should be a part of it. So that's probably going back Q. Do you know if Publix did any scientific to the beginning. But, yeah, that's what I remember, testing or consulted any experts on its own before that we needed help. We felt like the egg industry in adopting the FMI guidelines? that needed direction or help and FMI would be a good MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. source for that to happen. A. I don't know. 10 Q. Do you know if the FMI guidelines had Outside of that discussion, I don't remember 11 11 what happened, what he did with it. provisions in them that applied specifically to 12 12 Q. Why did you feel FMI would be a good person -egg-laying hens? 13 13 good entity to be a part of it? A. I don't know. 14 14 A. Because they support our industry. (Bates Exhibit 15 was marked for 15 15 Q. Was it in part so they could establish uniform identification.) 16 standards that could be applied by the industry? 16 Q. And this is Exhibit 15 Bates stamped FMI-00015. 17 17 Do you recognize this document? 18 18 Q. You testified earlier that increasing animal A. I do not remember it. 19 19 welfare standards could increase the cost of eggs; Q. Do you recognize FMI's logo at the top of the 20 20 right? document? 21 21 22 Q. Would part of it also be that Publix wanted to Q. And this says that it's the June 2002 Report 23 23 make sure that if it was bearing the additional cost of FMI-NCCR Animal Welfare Program. Is this the report 24 24 animal welfare eggs that others in the industry were that you understood Publix adopted? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. also sharing that cost?

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42 (Pages 162 to 165)

164 162 A. I don't remember Publix adopting it, so as the UEP certified program? obviously I don't remember this form. A. That's -- I remember they had an animal care Q. Flipping to the second page, do you see where certification, because I think we might have even put a seal on our eggs at one time from them. it says "FMI-NCCR Goals" and then the first bullet point Q. So you recall that there was a logo associated is "Consistency across the US retail sector"? A. I see it. with that certified program? Q. Did Publix -- as you understood it, did A. Yeah, that's what I remember. Publix's policy of animal welfare, did it want Q. And that that logo was on Publix's eggs? consistency in animal welfare standards across the US A. I don't know for sure. 10 Q. But you do recall that you sold some eggs that 11 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. contained that logo? 12 12 A. The same answer applies I just gave you a 13 13 Q. And the only egg cartons which you participated minute ago. What our concern was is that our suppliers 14 14 in designing were the Publix brand eggs; correct? do the right thing for animals, and best practices in 15 15 their industry, as it concerns Publix in providing the A. That's correct. 16 16 best products for our customers. Q. So do you recall if the logo was on Publix 17 17 Q. Flipping to the next page, do you see where it brand cartons? 18 18 says "Laying Hens"? A. I just don't recall. 19 19 A. Yes. Q. Let's look back for just one second at 15, 20 20 Q. In the first sentence under there, it says: Exhibit 15. Do you see on the first page where it says: 21 21 "FMI and NCCR recommend to their members the 2002 "The issues covered in this report are important and 22 22 guideline of the United Egg Producers (UEP) for use with complicated. Some recommendations contained within this 23 23 their suppliers of eggs and egg products." report have economic implications." 24 Do you see that? 24 You testified earlier that you understood 25 25 A. I see that. increasing animal welfare standards could have an 163 165 Q. Does that refresh your recollection of whether economic impact; correct? the FMI-NCCR Animal Welfare Guidelines contained Q. And that increasing animal welfare standards on provisions relating to laying hens? A. The UEP would be for laying hens, so, yeah. eggs could increase the cost of producing eggs? Q. Are you familiar with United Egg Producers? A. Yes, I remember that. Q. Do you know what the United Egg Producers Q. What do you understand the United Egg Producers Certified Program entails? A. I don't remember. A. What I -- what I remember about that is the egg Q. Do you know if it relates to cage space? 10 suppliers formed that association, whatever, to help in A. I don't remember, so... 11 11 forming best practices in animal welfare. I don't know Q. Do you recall if it relates to backfilling? 12 12 if that's correct. That's what I remember the purpose A. I don't know what backfilling is. 13 13 Q. Do you know what molting is? 14 14 Q. Do you know -- have you ever heard of the 15 15 United Egg Producers Certified Program? Q. Do you know if the animal welfare guidelines 16 16 A. Yes. I think that's an output of that lay out any requirements as to molting? 17 17 A. I don't remember. 18 18 Q. And you understand that that relates to animal Q. You testified earlier that you -- you recall 19 19 welfare for egg-laying hens? that increasing cage space for a bird could 20 20 increase animal -- its animal welfare; correct? A. Yes. 21 Q. And have you ever heard of UEP's Animal Care 21 22 22 Certified Program, or the Animal -- yeah, Animal Care Q. So do you know if the FMI guidelines, animal 23 23 Certified? welfare guidelines, or the UEP certified program that 24 24 A. Yes. FMI endorsed had anything to do with increasing cage Q. And do you understand that to be the same thing space to increase the welfare of hens?

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43 (Pages 166 to 169)

168 166 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. Correct. (Bates Exhibit 16 was marked for A. I just don't remember that. I don't remember identification.) reading those --Q. You have in front of you Exhibit 16, a highly Q. You do recall that --A. -- guidelines. confidential document Bates stamped PUB EGGS 011761. If you could turn to the second page of that Q. -- increasing cage space was one of the issues document. I'll give you just a second to review it. for animal welfare? A. Yes, I do remember. Do you recognize this document? MR. GERMAINE: Object to form. A. I do not remember it. 10 10 Q. But you don't recall whether the program Q. Do you see at the bottom that your -- your name 11 11 and phone extension is listed under "Questions"? addressed that issue? 12 12 A. Correct. A. That is my name. 13 13 Q. And you don't recall if animal welfare Q. Is that your phone extension? 14 standards had any minimum cage space requirements? 14 A. Yes. 15 15 A. Correct. Q. And do you see at the top that it's to all 16 16 Q. And this morning we looked at a document where Publix egg producers/suppliers from David Cerra, 17 17 business development director? it demonstrated that there was -- over a certain period 18 of years, different cage sizes were mentioned as part of 19 19 Q. And you testified David Cerra was your boss; an audit? 20 20 A. (Indicating.) correct? 21 21 Q. Right. Do you recall that? A. Yes. 22 22 Q. And the date on this is July 2002? A. Yes. 23 Q. And does that refresh your recollection at all 23 24 that cage spaces increased under the animal welfare 24 Q. And the subject "FMI-NCCR Animal Welfare 25 program during that time period? 25 Guidelines"? 167 169 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Asked and A. Yes. answered. Lacks foundation. Q. Do you recall in or around July 2002 sending a MR. RAYLE: Join. memo or David -- Dave Cerra sending a memo to all Publix Q. You can answer. egg producers and suppliers? A. I just -- I don't remember that form. It's the A. I just don't remember it. first time I remember seeing it was when you gave it to Q. Do you have any reason to doubt that that is a true memo from Publix's files? me this morning, so... MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Q. Do you recall the issue of whether cage spaces increased over the time period that you were category Q. Do you have any reason to doubt the accuracy of 10 manager for eggs, or dairy? this document? 11 11 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 12 12 A. I don't know if it did or not. A. I can doubt anything. I can doubt my birthday 13 13 Q. Do you recall cage spaces being discussed if I -- if I don't remember it. I just don't think 14 14 during that time period? that's --15 15 Q. Do you have any reason to doubt it? 16 16 Q. And what do you recall? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 17 17 A. That it was discussed under the -- under animal A. All I can say is I just don't remember it. 18 18 That's -- that's fair. welfare. 19 19 Q. And Dave Cerra would have discussed this with Q. And you understood that animal welfare related 20 you before he sent a memo to egg suppliers; correct? to increasing cage spaces; right? 21 MR. GERMAINE: Objection. Asked and answered 21 A. I would have seen the document if he sent 22 three times. something to suppliers with my name on it. Q. But you don't recall whether the animal welfare Q. And you see at the end of the first paragraph 24 it says: "Publix has adopted the FMI-NCCR Animal standards related to cage space? MR. GERMAINE: Objection. Asked and answered. Welfare Guidelines as the standard requirement for all

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44 (Pages 170 to 173)

170 172 A. I'm sorry? vendors to follow in dealing with animal welfare." Q. Until Cal-Maine purchased Tampa Farm Service, Correct? it remained a supplier to Publix; correct? A. Yes. Q. Does that refresh your recollection at all of whether Publix adopted the animal welfare guidelines as Q. Do you know who at Publix would have directed a standard requirement for its suppliers? Dave Cerra to write that letter? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. Publix wanted suppliers, requested suppliers, to follow the guidelines. A. Dave could have written it all by himself, so Q. And if Publix made a request of its suppliers, the answer is no, I don't know. 10 10 it was because it wanted them to comply with its Q. You testified just a moment ago that you 11 11 remembered that Tampa Farms was following FMI's animal standards; correct? 12 12 welfare guidelines. Why -- how do you recall that? A. Yes. It's a request. 13 Q. And this memo asks in the next paragraph that 13 A. They were the ones we had conversations with 14 Publix's egg suppliers send Publix a letter whether or 14 about the -- the standards, is my perception. That was 15 15 not they're going to agree to follow those guidelines; the UEP. And maybe I'm confused about the UEP and FMI 16 16 correct? I thought they were kind of the same. 17 17 A. Yes. Q. We saw on the FMI document that FMI endorsed 18 18 the UEP certified program; correct? Q. And do you know if any egg suppliers, in fact, 19 19 did so? A. (Nodding head.) 20 20 A. I don't remember. Q. So when we're talking about the requirements 21 21 Q. And do you recall any animal-- strike that. there, we're talking about the UEP requirements; right? 22 22 MR. GERMAINE: Objection. Do you recall any egg suppliers contacting you 23 23 in response to requirements regarding animal welfare? 24 A. I don't remember. 24 Q. And when you visited Tampa Farms, did you 25 25 Q. Do you remember any conversations with your discuss the UEP certified program? 171 173 buyer about whether any egg suppliers contacted Publix A. I don't remember what we discussed. related to animal welfare? Q. Did you ever receive any presentations from A. No. your egg buyers about the certified program? Q. Looking at the first page of the document, you A. I don't remember. see that this is a letter from Tampa Farm Services, Mike Q. Looking back at this Exhibit 11, can you look Bynum -- and you testified earlier that you know Mike at Question 27 on the third page. And, once again, this is the Publix Super Markets Qualifying Questionnaire for Bynum; correct --A. Yes. Publix Brand Eggs; right? Q. -- to David Cerra, your boss; right? A. Right. 10 A. Yes. Q. And do you see Question 27 is: "Are your 11 11 plants in compliance with the FMI-NCCR Animal Welfare Q. And this letter says: "Dear Dave: In response 12 12 to your letter of July 11 concerning animal welfare, Guidelines"? 13 13 please be advised that Tampa Farm Services, Inc. is A. I see it. 14 14 committed to producing eggs for Publix in accordance Q. Do you recall that being a question in the 15 15 with the recently published FMI-NCCR Animal Welfare questionnaire? 16 16 Guidelines." A. I don't recall. 17 17 Q. And do you see Cal-Maine's answer there is Does this reflect to you that Tampa Farms 18 18 "Yes"? communicated to Publix that it was willing to follow 19 19 those guidelines? 20 20 Q. Do you recall whether Cal-Maine followed the A. That's what he says. 21 21 UEP certified program? Q. And do you recall whether Tampa Farm Services, 22 in fact, followed the guidelines? A. I don't recall. 23 A. That -- I seem to remember, yes, they did. (Bates Exhibit 17 was marked for 24 24 Q. And until Cal-Maine purchased Tampa Farm identification.) Services, it remained a supplier to Publix; correct? Q. This is Exhibit 12, a highly confidential

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45 (Pages 174 to 177)

		` ` ` ` '
	174	176
1	document Bates stamped PUB_EGGS_007151.	Q. And if the if the cartons bore that logo, it
2	MR. RAYLE: Exhibit what?	would be because they complied with that program;
3	MR. GERMAINE: I think it's 17.	3 correct?
4	MS. ADENDORFF: Seventeen. Did I I'm sorry.	4 A. Correct.
5	I was looking at 11 here.	5 Q. Do you know if any egg supplier to Publix has
6	BY MS. ADENDORFF:	ever been unable to provide certified eggs?
7	Q. Seventeen. Seventeen; correct?	7 A. I don't recall.
8	A. Seventeen.	A. I don't recail.
9		Q. Il that did occur, would rublix have chosen a
10	Q. And do you recognize this document?	9 different supplier? 10 A. I don't know.
11	A. No, I don't.	A. I don't know.
12	Q. Are you familiar with Publix's product	Q. If a supplier is unable to meet any of these
13	specifications for its eggs?	specifications in the product specification that the CQA
14	A. I don't I don't remember. It's been a long	writes and draits, does r dolla continue to use that
15	time ago.	Supplier:
16	Q. Do you know if Publix drafts product	WIN. GENWAINE. Objection to form.
	specifications for its eggs?	A. Depends.
17	A. That's really a question for CQA. They're in	Q. It depends on what?
18	charge of the specifications, so who drafted it	A. If a supplier can't meet specification, there's
19	specifically would be a question for them.	got to be a reason for it, and then it becomes you
20	Q. CQA in your to your knowledge, CQA drafts	have to investigate and why and wherefores, but CQA
21	the product specifications?	would be involved in it, so
22	A. To my knowledge, yes, they	Q. But as a policy, Publix expects its suppliers
23	Q. And are these kind of product specifications	to meet its requirements; correct?
24	relevant when you're choosing your suppliers for eggs?	MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.
25	A. Yes.	A. Publix expects a supplier to meet the
2 3 4 5	during that process? A. Yes. Q. Do you have any reason to doubt that this is Publix's product specification for jumbo eggs in 2004? It says effective 12/2004.	 Q. And we just A. The specification is written by CQA. Q. Right. And we just saw that animal welfare was part of that specification; correct? A. Uh-huh, but it could change.
7	A. No.	Q. Do you know if Publix ever solicited bids from
8	Q. Okay. Can you read the last sentence under	8 non-UEP certified egg suppliers?
9	"Product description".	⁹ A. I don't remember.
10	A. "Product shall be in accordance with the	Q. At the present time, does Publix continue to
11	industry's animal welfare guidelines and carton shall	require its egg suppliers to meet the UEP guidelines?
12	bear the "Animal Care Certified" logo."	MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.
13	Q. And if you'd like to, you can flip through this	¹³ A. I don't know.
14	document and you'll see that it contains Publix	Q. You're business development director in charge
15	Publix product specifications for several different	of eggs; correct?
16	sizes of eggs there's jumbo eggs, jumbo brown, extra	¹⁶ A. I am.
17	large, et cetera and that at the end at the product	¹⁷ Q. And we saw that Dave Cerra, business
18	specification is that same sentence, "Product shall be	director business development director in 2002, wrote
19	in accordance." Do you see that?	¹⁹ a memo related to animal welfare of eggs; right?
20	A. I see it.	²⁰ A. That's right.
21	Q. And does that refresh your recollection at all	Q. And so animal welfare of eggs is part of your
22	as to whether the Publix brand eggs bore the Animal Care	current job; correct?
23	Certified logo or the UEP Certified logo?	²³ A. It is.
24	A. That kind of confirms what I said earlier	Q. And are you testifying you don't know whether
25	that about the logo, so	Publix still has the same requirements?

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46 (Pages 178 to 181)

180 178 A. I'm new in the role. Just started in January. remember. We haven't had any discussions on eggs and their Q. Turning to the second page of this letter, you specifications or the requirements of what they are see the section marked "Estimated Cost of Animal Welfare Enhancements"? Q. Do you know -- do you know that Publix has Yes? dropped its requirement that egg suppliers be UEP A. Second page? certified? Q. Yes, "Estimated Cost of Animal Welfare A. I do not know. Enhancements." Q. Do you know if the UEP Certified logo is still A. Okay. 10 on Publix brand eggs? Cartons. Q. And if you look at the -- well, if you can just 11 read those two paragraphs there underneath that. A. I don't know. 12 12 Q. Did buyers -- while you were category manager 13 13 of eggs, did egg -- egg suppliers ever approach you or Q. And you see here that Mike Bynum is telling 14 14 Dave Cerra that increasing cage space as a result of the your buyer to inform you that it was raising -- they 15 were raising their prices because of animal welfare? UEP Animal Welfare Guidelines is going to decrease egg 16 A. I don't remember if they did or not. production capacity; correct? That's what this says? 17 17 (Bates Exhibit 18 was marked for A. Uh-huh. 18 18 identification.) Q. And that that will increase the cost of 19 19 Q. This is Exhibit 18, a highly confidential production by 8 cents to 18 cents per dozen? 20 20 document, PUB_EGGS_011782. And this appears to be a A. Yes, I see that. 21 21 letter from Tampa Farm Service, and at the end you can Q. Do you recall discussing that with Dave Cerra 22 22 see Mike Bynum's name, who you said you know, to Dave in 2002? 23 23 Cerra, your boss; correct? A. I don't recall. 24 A. Correct. 24 Q. But you were aware that the animal welfare 25 25 Q. In May 2002. Have you ever seen this letter guidelines would increase the cost of eggs? 179 181 before? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to the form. Asked A. I do not remember seeing this letter. and answered. Q. And we just saw that Dave Cerra sent a -- sent A. Yes. a letter to egg suppliers in July 2002 communicating Q. So even before Publix made the decision to Publix's position on the animal welfare guidelines, so communicate to its suppliers that it was requiring this would be before that other letter: correct? compliance with the UEP Animal Welfare Guidelines, it A. Correct. was aware that those guidelines could increase costs; Q. And Tampa Farm Service was a Publix supplier at correct? the time; right? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Misstates 10 10 A. Yes. prior testimony. 11 11 Q. Okay. It begins: "Following up on our meeting Q. You can answer. 12 12 this past Monday, I wanted to update you on the animal A. Yes. 13 13 welfare issue as it relates to egg producers." Q. Can you look at the next page. In the second 14 14 Were you aware at the time that Dave Cerra was full paragraph, it says: "If, however, only 50% of a 15 15 receiving updates on animal welfare from Tampa Farm producer's customer base specifies enhanced animal 16 16 Service? welfare eggs, then the producer would incur all of the 17 17 A. I don't remember. costs for certifying this company as welfare compliant." 18 18 Q. Would Dave Cerra have discussed this with you Then it says, in parentheses: "There are no 19 19 at the time? provisions for partial compliance. A producer must be 20 20 A. Probably. 100% enhanced welfare compliant on all hens under his 21 21 Q. But you have no recollection of that control directly or through affiliates or choose not to 22 participate in the program at all).' 23 A. I just don't remember the -- I told you earlier Were you aware that the UEP certified program 24 24 I remembered conversations about animal welfare, but to required producers to be 100 percent compliant with the this letter specifically, no, I have -- I don't program?

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47 (Pages 182 to 185)

182 184 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Does this refresh your recollection of whether A. I don't recall that. this was ever a 2-cent surcharge on eggs for animal Q. Do you ever -- did you ever discuss how many welfare purposes? hens under a particular producer's control were meeting MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. No, I don't, and I don't remember any the guidelines? A. No. Q. Anything of that nature? Q. At the time, would Bessie Foster have told you A. I don't remember anything like that. if there was a surcharge? Q. Do you see at the bottom, the bold text on this A. She may have; she may not have. I don't 10 page, it says: "Based on 50,000,000 dozen sold per year 11 11 Q. Would she normally report changes in pricing to in the Lakeland and Miami divisions of Publix, this 12 12 would imply an added cost for eggs in the range of you? Pricing formulas. 13 13 \$4,000,000 to \$9,000,000 per year." A. A pricing formula, she should have, but I don't 14 14 remember if she did or not. When you testified that you knew animal welfare 15 15 (Bates Exhibit 20 was marked for could increase the cost of eggs, were you aware of that 16 magnitude of an increase? identification.) 17 17 A. No. Q. This is Exhibit 20, highly confidential 18 18 Q. And do you recall discussing the magnitude of document PUB_EGGS_012953. 19 19 that -- of the cost -- any cost increase with Dave Cerra Do you recognize this document? 20 around this time? 21 21 A. No. Q. Do you know what this document might refer to 22 Q. Did any egg producer, to your knowledge, ever 22 or contain or why it might have been written? 23 impose a surcharge on its eggs for animal welfare? 23 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 24 A. I don't remember. 24 A. It appears to be the formula pricing for eggs. 25 25 Q. Do you recall if there was any addition to the Q. It says at the top: "All prices are based on 183 185 formula for Publix brand eggs to cover animal welfare UB Large Southeast market except Medium." costs? Does that refresh your recollection at all as A. I do not remember that. whether Urner Barry has a price, region-specific price, (Bates Exhibit 19 was marked for for eggs? identification.) A. Still, no, I do not remember anything about Q. This is Exhibit 19, a highly confidential that. document Bates stamped PUB_EGGS_012413. Q. So then it goes on to list different sizes of eggs that you could purchase; jumbo, extra large, large, And Bessie Foster was the buyer that worked for et cetera. And then under the price column in this you; correct? 10 10 A. Correct. chart, it says -5, -7, -9. Do you know what that might 11 11 Q. You see at the top of this document it says: 12 12 "Meeting with Bessie Foster, Items for Discussion." A. The differential off the Urner Barry market. 13 13 Q. And would that be in percents that you would do Correct? 14 14 A. Correct. differential, or cents? 15 15 Q. In January 2003? A. I don't remember. 16 16 Q. And all of these are negative; correct? 17 17 Q. And do you know if this agenda would have A. Yes. 18 related to a meeting you would have had with Bessie Q. So all these represent a discount off of the 19 Urner Barry price? 20 A. Yes. A. I've never seen this before. 21 Q. So Item No. 3 on this agenda is "Update on Q. And at the bottom, underneath the chart, it 22 Animal Welfare program, Certified Animal Care logo, and says: "Prices increased 2 cents per dozen 2/24/03 for 23 23 discussion on animal welfare surcharge." animal welfare issues." 24 24 Does that refresh your recollection at all as And then next to it, in handwriting, someone has written "2¢ a dozen.' to whether there was ever a price increase for animal

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188 186 stamped PUB_EGGS_015466. welfare? This appears to be an e-mail from Mike Lindsey A. No. I've never seen this document before, so I honestly don't remember. at Tampa Farms to Joel Bryant, and the subject line is (Bates Exhibit 21 was marked for And Mike Lindsey, you testified, you know from identification.) Q. This is Exhibit 21, a highly confidential Tampa Farms: correct? document marked PUB_EGGS_019635. A. Correct. It says at the bottom -- it appears to be a Q. In this e-mail -- I'll give you a second to printout from a Web site. It says look it over. Go ahead. 10 10 https://viewstar.publix.com. Have you ever heard of A. Okay. 11 11 Okav. 12 12 Q. Do you know why Joel Bryant would have been A. Never heard of it. 13 13 Q. Do you have any idea where this printout would communicating with Mike Lindsey of Tampa Farms about egg 14 14 have come from? 15 15 A. MSP department sources eggs for the plants, as A. I've not seen it before, so --16 16 Q. And does this appear to be a price from we discussed earlier. That is the only reason that it 17 17 would be applicable that I'm aware of, if that was his Cal-Maine for different sized eggs in -- for one week in 18 18 position. July 2005? 19 19 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Q. Does MSP also have involvement in your category 20 20 A. It appears to be, yes. reviews where you select suppliers? 21 21 Q. And can you explain to me -- this document 22 mentions unit cost and case cost. Can you explain to me 22 Q. Could he have been communicating with Mike 23 at Publix what the difference between those two were? 23 Lindsey in regard to the retail category review? 24 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 24 A. I do not know. 25 25 A. Case cost is just the addition -- it's -- it's Q. And here Mike Lindsey's communicating to Joel 187 189 the total price of the case. Unit would be just the Bryant several reasons that he believes egg prices have division of whatever the pack is, so... increased; right? A. Right. Q. So like a carton of eggs? Q. Did you have any discussion with Joel Bryant A. Yeah. Publix large eggs at a pack of six -no, the size of six, pack of 30, so... about these conversations that he was having with Mike Q. So 30 cartons at 29 cents a carton would be Lindsev? that case cost --A. Not that I recall. Q. Were you -- on the -- sorry. Bullet B here in A. Right. Q. -- is what this means? Okay. the e-mail, it says: "Industry standards for hen space allocation under the UEP Humane Practices Certification A. That's what it means. 11 Q. And do you see at the bottom, it says: "These program have increased incrementally over the past five 12 12 prices reflects a 2 cent per dozen increase to offset years. This has resulted in a reduction of the number 13 13 of birds in facilities for the fourth time since 2002. costs associated with animal care certification." 14 14 A. I see it. Fewer hens lead to fewer eggs and put downward pressure 15 15 Q. And this is in 2005. 16 16 Does that statement reflect your understanding A. I see it. 17 17 of the impact of the UEP certified program on hen Q. Do you recall whether in 2005 there was a 18 18 supply? surcharge related to animal care certification? 19 19 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. I don't remember. 20 20 Q. Do you know who Joel Bryant is? A. Not really, no. 21 21 Q. And, under D, you'll see that Mike Lindsey A. He's a Publix associate. He worked for MSP at 22 one time. lists increased demand for exports as a factor in 23 (Bates Exhibit 22 was marked for affecting egg prices. Do you -- did you ever -- did 24 identification.) Mike Lindsey ever communicate to you that increased Q. Exhibit 22, highly confidential document Bates demand for exports could affect egg prices?

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190 192 A. I don't remember. A. Yes. Q. Did you ever discuss with Mike Lindsey various Q. So this memo, the subject line is "Rising Egg factors that could affect egg prices? Prices," so from that, from your experience, you would assume that this memo would only be sent if rising egg A. I don't remember. Q. Would your buyer have discussed with Mike prices was something that was actually causing customer Lindsey factors affecting egg prices? concern or questions; right? A. Yes. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Q. Is it likely that he would have communicated A. That's my perception. these same reasons to your buyer as to why egg prices Q. And in this memo, you can give it a look-over 10 10 if you want, James Lucas is describing some factors that 11 11 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. might be causing the cost of eggs to go up. 12 12 MR. RAYLE: Join. A. Okay. 13 13 A. I can't speak for -- for him. Q. And in this memo, what are the reasons that he 14 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now off the record. 14 lists that egg prices are going up? 15 15 The time is 1:32 p.m. A. Holiday demand, less laying hens, cost of corn 16 (Recess from 1:32 until 1:36 p.m.) and the feed, and breaker market. 17 17 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record. Q. And fuel and energy costs; right. 18 18 The time is 1:36 p.m. A. Fuel and energy at the bottom, yes. 19 19 (Bates Exhibit 23 was marked for Q. So the second bullet is change in flock size. 20 20 identification.) Do you remember ever being notified from your egg 21 21 BY MS. ADENDORFF: suppliers about changes in flock size? 22 Q. This is marked as Exhibit 23. It's a highly 22 A. I don't remember. 23 confidential document Bates stamped PUB_EGGS_015153. 23 Q. Is that something that your department would 24 And it appears to be a Publix internal memo 24 have monitored to foresee any impact on the price of 25 25 from James Lucas, category manager dairy, in eaas? 191 193 October 2007 to all store and grocery managers; is that MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. right? A. I don't remember. A. Right. Q. Do you remember if during the time that you Q. And the subject line is "Rising Egg Prices"? were category manager changes in flock size affected the A. Right. prize of eggs, to your knowledge? Q. Does this indicate that you were no longer A. No, I do not remember. category manager of dairy in October of 2007? Q. Have you ever heard of PETA? A. Yes, it does. A. I have. Q. And was James Lucas your successor? Q. What do you understand PETA to be? A. Yes, he was. A. Organization for animal rights. 11 Q. And was it typical or normal practice for a Q. Have you ever heard of Humane Society or HSUS? 12 12 category manager to send a memo to all store and grocery A. Yes. 13 13 Q. And what do you understand those -- that managers? 14 14 A. Yes. organization to be? 15 15 Q. How often did you do that? A. Same type of thing. For animal rights, animal 16 16 A. Not often. welfare. Maybe that's not the right term, but the 17 17 Q. And why would you have sent such a memo? treatment of animals. 18 18 A. If we were getting questions or -- to give an Q. Do you recall in the early 2000s being aware 19 19 example, like the rising cost of milk. It's in the that PETA was putting pressure on fast food restaurants 20 news, customers are aware of it, and so they have or grocery stores related to animal welfare? 21 questions when they come in the store. So that would be A. I remember PETA. I don't remember what -- what 22 a situation where we would provide some explanation to it was that happened with them. 23 the stores so they can answer customers' questions. Q. Do you remember PETA in connection to Publix? 24 24 Q. And would the rising price have to be pretty A. In connection with some complaint. That's noticeable to send out a memo about it? really all I remember, and I don't remember the

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194 196 complaint, what it was. expectation is that with the FMI and NCCR standards, we Q. Would that time frame be the early 2000s? are going to see the most egregious of these ended." Do you recall whether PETA was pushing retail Q. So you have some recollection that PETA or grocers to adopt the FMI and NCCR standards? someone associated with PETA was making a complaint in A. I don't recall. the early 2000s to Publix? Q. Looking at the next paragraph in the second A. To be clear, sometime during my time as column -- sorry. It's the one after that, starting with category manager. I don't remember when, whether it was "After declaring victory." early or late 2000s, so... It says: "After declaring victory over 10 10 Q. And you testified earlier that FMI adopted McDonald's, Burger King, and Wendy's, PETA turned its 11 11 animal welfare guidelines, and you testified that animal attention to the records of other companies, including 12 12 welfare guidelines were needed because of pressure from 10 of the nation's largest grocery retailers. On its 13 13 activists; is that right? vegetarian campaign Web site GoVeg.com, PETA urges 14 A. Yes. 14 consumers not to shop at Albertson's, Costco, Kroger, 15 15 Q. And PETA is one such animal welfare activist; Meijer, Publix, Safeway, Supervalu, Wal-Mart, Sam's 16 Club, and Winn Dixie until they agree to meet or exceed correct? 17 17 A. Yes the standards in the group settlement with McDonald's." 18 18 (Bates Exhibit 24 was marked for Does that refresh your recollection of whether 19 19 identification.) PETA was urging Publix to adopt animal welfare 20 20 Q. Have you ever heard of Progressive Grocer 21 21 Magazine? A. I do not remember if PETA was asking for that 22 22 specific animal welfare guideline. I just remember the 23 Q. What do you understand Progressive Grocer to 23 complaints came from PETA about animal treatment. 24 24 Q. And did you know at the time that PETA was 25 A. Just an industry magazine. putting pressure on other retail grocery chains? 195 197 Q. Did you subscribe to Progressive Grocer? A. Yeah. Yes. A. Yes, I receive it. Q. What do you recall about that? Q. Do you recognize this document? A. Because just from the fact that there's an A. No. organization, they were kind of -- would include -- it Q. At the top, it says Progressive Grocer, and it wasn't targeted specifically to Publix. appears to be the issue from January 1st, 2002. And Q. That there were several other stores? then if you open to the next page, there's an article A. Yeah, that was my recollection. saying: "Animal rights - and wrongs. A PETA onslaught Q. And this list of grocery stores here, these are humbled the likes of Burger King and McDonald's. Now on Publix competitors; right, for the ones that operate in the activists' hit list: Kroger, Safeway, Walmart, and this region? Major retail grocers? 11 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 12 12 Do you recall PETA attacking Burger King or A. Meijer is not, no. The answer to the question, 13 13 McDonald's around 2001/2002? 14 A. I don't remember it. This is obviously a 14 Q. Are any of -- do any of these operate in the 15 15 magazine article about what they were doing. same regions as Publix? 16 16 Q. In looking at the bottom of the first column A. Yes. 17 there, it says -- there's a quote from someone named Q. Which ones? 18 Bruce Friedrich, vegan campaign coordinator for PETA, A. Albertson's, Costco, Kroger, Wal-Mart, Sam's 19 and it says: "With the exception of Whole Foods, Club, Winn Dixie. 20 none" -- he's talking about supermarkets. Sorry. To Q. And are those competitors of Publix? 21 back up a second, he's referring to supermarkets. "With the exception of Whole Foods, none have Q. Do you know if any of those organizations are 23 any kind of animal welfare standards in place at all, so members of FMI? 24 the most gratuitous of the animal abuses are routine A. I do not know. with grocery chains, and it needs to stop. Our hope and (Bates Exhibit 25 was marked for

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198 200 identification.) A. I see that. Q. In front of you is Exhibit 25, and it's a Q. Do you recall any discussions around this highly confidential document Bates stamped e-mail? A. No, I don't. I just don't remember. PUB EGGS 011763. If you look at the top, it actually says "Greg Q. Did you ever ask Tampa Farms to update you on animal welfare issues? Bates". A. It does. A. I do not remember. Q. Which implies that it was actually printed from Q. Why was Mike Bynum providing you this e-mail -your file; right? sending you this e-mail? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. Right. 11 11 Q. And it says: "From: Mike Bynum." A. I don't remember. 12 12 And, again, that's Mike Bynum of Tampa Farms; Q. It says "update". Did you ever request any 13 13 updates from him? right? 14 14 A. Right. A. Don't remember. 15 15 Q. It's to you, Dave Cerra, and Bessie Foster. Q. Do you know whether the letter he's referring 16 And that would be your boss and the buyer beneath you; to could have been a letter from an animal activist 17 17 correct? organization? 18 18 A. Correct. A. I just don't remember. You can make that 19 19 Q. This is June 2002. The subject is "Animal assumption, but I can only answer by what I know, so 20 20 Welfare: Update." He says: Hi. Following up on the I don't -- I don't remember. 21 21 animal welfare issue, I'm advised that Kroger's CEO Q. Do you recall any letter that Publix received 22 22 received a letter like the one received by Charlie from an animal activist organization? 23 Jenkins Jr., as well as A & P. Safeway received their 23 A. I just don't remember. 24 letter earlier. Kroger has indicated it will follow 24 Q. But it appears that you would have known about 25 25 that at the time; correct? FMI's guidelines on humane treatment (when they are 201 released). I'll update you if I hear anything further." MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. So in this letter Mike was updating you about A. If the letter was directed to me, I would have the animal welfare policies of other competitors; known about it. correct? Q. Does it appear that your group was concerned MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. with whatever this letter was? MR. RAYLE: Join. MR. GERMAINE: Objection. A. He spoke about Kroger. A. Yeah, it appears that way. Q. Do you know of any stockholder proposal that Q. Kroger specifically; right? A. Right. Publix faced from someone associated with PETA? 10 Q. And you just testified that Kroger is a A. Stockholder proposal? I don't remember. 11 11 competitor of Publix; right? (Bates Exhibit 26 was marked for 12 12 A. Yes. identification.) 13 13 Q. And he's referring to a letter that Charlie Q. This is Exhibit 26, highly confidential 14 14 Jenkins Jr. received. Who is Charlie Jenkins Jr.? document PUB_EGGS_021031. 15 15 A. At the time, he was CEO of Publix. This appears to be a draft revision of Publix's 16 16 Q. And he's talking about a certain letter that animal welfare statement July 18th, 2008. Are you aware 17 17 that in and around July 2008, Publix revised its animal the CEO received. Do you know what letter that would 18 18 welfare statement? be? 19 19 A. I don't remember. A. I don't remember. 20 20 Q. Do you recall any discussions about a letter Q. Do you recall receiving any update on any 21 21 change to Publix's animal welfare policy around 2008? regarding animal welfare that Charlie Jenkins Jr. 22 22 received? A. I don't recall. 23 A. I don't remember. Q. Do you know who at Publix would have been in 24 24 Q. And do you see he says that the Kroger CEO charge of making any revision to its animal welfare received a similar letter? policy?

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202 204 A. Should have been the CQA department, would be Q. You testified that Cal-Maine is still a my recollection. supplier to Publix; correct? Q. And on the bottom of this page, it says: "The A. Yes. following is what currently exists on the Publix.com Q. And you know that Cal-Maine is a defendant in website", right under the word "Reference". this lawsuit? Were you aware that the Publix -- Publix has a A. Yes. Q. So you know that Publix is suing Cal-Maine? public Web site? A. Yes. A. Yes. Q. And do you know if that Web site refers to --Q. And you know that they're suing Cal-Maine 10 refers or discusses in any way animal welfare? relating to what you say is price fixing; correct? 11 11 A. I don't know. 12 12 Q. But Publix is continuing to buy Cal-Maine's Q. Would you have any involvement with drafting 13 13 what would be on the Web site related to animal welfare? eggs; correct? 14 14 A. Yes. 15 15 Q. Who at Publix would be involved with that? Q. So you've never been in a meeting where anyone 16 has discussed dropping Cal-Maine as a supplier because 17 17 Q. Are you aware today that you're testifying in you were suing them with respect to eggs? 18 18 connection with lawsuits Publix has filed against egg 19 19 producers? Q. And you're in charge of the department that 20 A. Yes. purchases egg from Cal-Maine; correct? 21 21 Q. And what do you understand the nature of the A. I am now, yes. 22 22 allegations at issue in this lawsuit to be? Q. As of January, you are; correct? 23 23 A. Price fixing by the egg producers. A. As of January. 24 Q. And do you have any knowledge of what 24 Q. January? 25 activities your employer is alleging those egg producers A. January. 203 205 took? Q. January. And you've never heard anyone say that, "We should drop Cal-Maine as a supplier"? Q. Do you know if the UEP certified program is at MR. GERMAINE: Objection. issue in this litigation? A. No. Q. What about Michael's? A. No. Q. Do you know that your employer is contending A. No. that the UEP certified program violates the antitrust Q. Has anyone ever suggested to you that any supplier should be dropped because they're defendants in MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. this lawsuit? A. No. A. No. 11 Q. Has anyone ever told you that the UEP certified Q. Do you know of any other situation in which 12 12 program was being challenged in this litigation? you've purchased products from a company that your 13 13 MR. GERMAINE: Objection to the extent it calls employer was simultaneously suing for allegations that 14 14 for privileged information. If you can answer that their products were illegally made or manufactured? 15 15 without revealing the substance of conversations MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. 16 16 with counsel, you can answer. A. No. 17 17 A. I don't remember. Q. Do you know of any situation in which you've 18 18 Q. Has anyone ever -- have you ever discussed with paid a price for a product that you believed was 19 19 anyone at Publix or has anyone at Publix ever discussed illegally inflated or price fixed? 20 20 with you whether this lawsuit should change Publix's egg MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. I direct you 21 21 buying practices? not to answer that question to the extent it will 22 A. No. reveal the substance of communications with counsel. 23 Q. Do you know whether Publix's egg buying If you can answer it some other way, you may answer 24 24 practices have changed as a result of this lawsuit? A. No. A. I can't answer it.

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208 206 Q. Has any business person ever told you, "Don't said are they -- that's what you're saying, are they buy eggs that have artificially inflated prices"? important to Publix today. I don't know. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. Q. But you testified earlier --A. Because I don't know if that's changed. I Q. That has never come up in a business meeting? wasn't managing the business. MR. GERMAINE: Objection. Q. You don't know that it has changed, though; right? Q. Do you know if Publix has continued to support A. I don't know if it's changed. I don't know if the UEP animal care program? it is, if it isn't. I don't know. 10 10 A. No, I do not know. Q. And in frozen foods, did you have any 11 11 Q. Do you know whether Publix has continued to involvement with foods that were governed by the FMI 12 12 support FMI's animal welfare guidelines? guidelines? 13 13 A. I do not recall any. A. I don't know. 14 Q. But you know that Cal-Maine is UEP certified; 14 Q. And you know that FMI adopted animal welfare 15 15 guidelines, we've established that, and you testified right? 16 16 A. In the time period we were talking about. earlier that Publix trusts FMI; right? 17 17 Q. Do you know if they're certified today? A. Right. 18 18 A. No, I don't. Q. That FMI adopted those guidelines because it 19 19 Q. Do you know if Publix is still carrying any believed they had animal -- positive animal welfare 20 20 products that are UEP certified? benefits; right? 21 21 A. I don't know. A. Right. 22 Q. Do you know if Publix has made any effort to 22 Q. And if I represented to you that FMI has not 23 make sure that they're no longer carrying products that 23 stopped endorsing the UEP certified program, would you 24 are animal care certified? 24 assume that that means FMI believes that the animal 25 25 A. I don't know. welfare -- sorry -- the UEP certified program continues 207 209 Q. Is animal welfare still important -- still to have positive effects on animal welfare? important to Publix today? MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. Yes. MR. RAYLE: Join. Q. And so to the extent that increasing cage space A. I would assume. improves animal welfare, which we discussed earlier Q. And Publix trusts FMI and its judgment on that today; right -matter, right? MR. GERMAINE: Objection. MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form. A. I don't know. Publix trusts FMI in general, is A. You're trying to make a link there. Animal welfare. Like I said earlier, the intent is for what I said. Q. And Publix has trusted FMI specifically to suppliers to have the best practices. So I would say 11 animal welfare, has been described today, means space in formulate animal welfare guidelines that it adopted; 12 12 cage. Maybe it doesn't. So animal welfare is important correct? 13 13 to Publix in the fact that it's to do the right thing 14 14 for animals. Defining that could be different. I Q. And, to your knowledge, Publix has made no 15 15 effort to create its own animal welfare program separate 16 16 from the FMI animal welfare program? Q. And FMI adopted animal welfare guidelines; 17 17 right? And we saw earlier that those include the UEP A. That is correct. 18 18 certified program? Q. Would Publix prefer to revert to standards with 19 19 A. We did. smaller cages for egg-laying hens today --20 Q. And you testified earlier that Publix trusts --MR. GERMAINE: Objection. 21 A. So my answer would be, is animal welfare in 21 Q. -- as a result of this lawsuit? 22 that context, I don't know. Does that --MR. GERMAINE: Objection to the form. 23 Q. So I'm confused by your answer. Say what you A. I don't know. 24 Q. Do you know if Publix has considered adopting A. Okay. The FMI animal welfare procedures, you any other animal welfare guidelines other than the FMI

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210	212
	Publix, it's because Publix believes that Cal-Maine is
program?	Publix, it's because Publix believes that Cal-Maine is
A. Tuo not know.	² meeting those needs; right?
Q. Willy is Fublix still buying certilled eggs in it	IVIK. GEKIVIAINE. ODJECTION TO TOTTI.
Delieves triey re lilegar:	A. They are supplying products that meet the
WIR. GERWAINE. Objection to form. Lacks	Specification:
foundation. Misstates prior testimony. The witness	Q. Have you ever heard the term Capper-voistead?
hasirt salu ariy such thing.	A. Never neard that term.
Q. Willy is Fublix still buying eggs from Cal-Maine	Q. Has anyone ever represented to you that OEP is
ii it believes that Cal-Maine is lilegally fixing	a Capper-voisteau Co-operative:
huces:	A. NO.
MR. GERMAINE: Objection to the extent it calls	Q. Thas arryone ever told you that OEF of the
for privileged testimony. I direct you not to	members of UEP are immune from the antitrust laws in any
answer if it reveals the substance of communication	13 way?
with counsel. If you can answer it some other way,	MR. GERMAINE: Objection to form.
go ahead.	15 A. No.
16 A. I can't answer that.	MS. ADENDORFF: I think that's all the
¹⁷ Q. Why can't you?	questions I have.
¹⁸ A. What was the question again?	MR. GERMAINE: Okay.
¹⁹ Q. Why is Publix still buying eggs from Cal-Maine	MR. RAYLE: Nothing from the indirect
if it believes that Cal-Maine is illegally fixing egg	²⁰ purchasers.
²¹ prices?	MR. GERMAINE: Anything on the phone?
MR. GERMAINE: The same instruction.	MS. CRABTREE: None from me.
²³ A. I don't know.	MR. GERMAINE: I don't have any questions
²⁴ Q. Have you had any discussions with your egg	today. We reserve signature and designate the
buyers or your egg/dairy category manager about this	transcript as highly confidential.
211	213
¹ lawsuit?	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This concludes the
² A. Egg buyer, no. Egg category manager, briefly.	deposition. We are now off the record. The time is
He knows it was going on because Jimmy Wilson worked for	2:04 p.m.
4 him and he was	2.04 μ.m. 4 ****
5 Q. And who's Jimmy Wilson?	5
6 A. He used to be the egg buyer.	6
	7
 Q. And what did he tell you he knew about this lawsuit? 	8
	9
A. That it's basically the fact that suppliers	10
were price fixing. That's	11
Q. Thas he reported to you any conversations he had	12
with this egg buyers about this lawsuit:	13
A. 110.	14
Q. Wity not switch to another producer while this	15
lawoult is periority:	16
WIN. OLINIAINE. Objection to form.	17
A. Our job is to procure products for Fublix and	
serve our customers, so to be real honest, we don't I	18
don't know a lot of the information about the lawsuit,	
which I've said. You've asked me questions.	20
²¹ Q. And so you testified earlier that Publix tries	21
to procure products that are quality products at a low	22
²³ price; right?	23
²⁴ A. Correct.	24
²⁵ Q. And so if if Cal-Maine is still supplying	25

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214	216
ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF DEPONENT 1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER COUNTY OF POLK I, Joan L. Pitt, Registered Merit Reporter, Certified Realtime Reporter and Florida Professional Reporter, do hereby certify that I was authorized to and did stenographically report the examination of the witness named herein; that a review of the transcript was requested; and that the foregoing transcript is a true record of my stenographic notes. I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, or attorney, or counsel for any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the outcome of this action. DATED THIS 04/28/2014 at Lakeland, Polk County, Florida. JOAN L. PITT, RMR, CRR, FPR
CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER OATH CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER OATH STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF POLK I, Joan L. Pitt, Registered Merit Reporter, Certified Realtime Reporter, Florida Professional Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of Florida at large, hereby certify that the witness named herein appeared before me on 04/16/2014, and was duly sworn. WITNESS my hand and official seal this 04/28/2014. JOAN L. PITT, RMR, CRR, FPR NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF FLORIDA MY COMMISSION NO. EE 202887 EXPIRES: 7-20-16	